ESTABLISHED 1784

Oldest Daily Newspaper in the United States and Best Advertising Medium in Northern Virginia

The Alexandria Gazette

For this section—Fair today, colder by tonight; tomorrow probably fair and colder; fresh winds. High tide tomorrow; 4:27 a. m., 4:57 p. m.

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VOL. CXXXVIII— No. 43. *The Gateway to the South* ALEXANDRIA, VA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1922. *The Gateway to the South* PRICE TWO CENTS

Divorce Data Complete Reveals True Condition

Report of Subcommittee Submitted Saturday Discloses True State of Affairs to Bar Association Committee

ALL CASES ARE TABULATED

More Than One Thousand Cases Have Been Heard in Corporation Court Since May, 1920—Eight Hundred Final Decree Entered—Two Hundred Cases Still Pending—Some Records Said to be Missing From Clerk's Office.

The subcommittee of the Alexandria Bar association, which has been examining the records in the divorces entered in the corporation court during the term of Judge Robinson Moncure, made its final report to the full committee yesterday afternoon, and was discharged.

Attorney J. Randall Caton, secretary of the committee, reported that he had, as directed, sent invitations to Mrs. Mary L. Baggett, Mrs. Stella Bensil and Robert Luckett, whose names appeared most frequently in the records as witnesses as to domicile, and to Harvey L. Cobb, newspaper reporter, and Attorney Frank Stuart, to appear before the association Thursday to give information they might have in regard to divorce conditions in Alexandria.

Stuart Back-Pedals

The only reply received, Mr. Caton said, was from Mr. Stuart, whose letter is as follows:

"I am in receipt of your letter of February 14, in which you state the committee of the bar association has requested me to appear before the bar association and give evidence with regard to present divorce conditions existing in the city of Alexandria.

"In reply there to, I will state that I know very little about divorce conditions existing in the city of Alexandria other than from the records, which speak for themselves. My idea is the tabulated report of the committee should be sufficient to conclude the mind of the average man on the question.

"However, I will doubtless be present on the 23d of February, and if there is anything in addition to the record evidence, I will be glad to state it to the committee.

Judge J. K. M. Norton then proposed a resolution that the secretary be directed to write Mr. Stuart calling his attention to the fact that he had made certain charges, and had stated at a meeting of the Alexandria bar that he had evidence to prove his charges, and had pledged himself to appear before the committee and produce his evidence.

Subcommittee Report

Mr. Caton then read the tabulated report of the subcommittee, which showed that 807 cases have been examined.

Of these 807 cases, final decrees have been entered in 728; notices of publication have been returned in 275; publication delivered in 183, and personal service or substituted service in 270. Attorneys either appeared or filed answer for the defendant in 184 cases out of the 807. In 709 cases the ground alleged was desertion, in 64 adultery, in 5 commission of a felony, and 1 each for impotency, prostitution and insanity.

In addition to the above, a list of 236 cases recently filed was submitted, showing 192 pending, 27 concluded by final decree and 17 dismissed. These cases will be tabulated by the subcommittee in a supplemental report to be filed at the next meeting of the committee on Thursday, February 23.

Who Handled 1043 Cases

The 1043 cases were handled by the various attorneys as follows: Davis and Budwesky 275, R. B. Washington 189, Charles Henry Smith 88, Thomas Watson (colored) 66, Charles Corgan 64, E. Hill, Jr., (colored) 62, Smith and Woolls 52; H. Noel Garner 27, W. S. Snow 27, L. N. Duffey 20, F. P. Russell 20, Leo P. Harlow 15, Nicol and Son 15, Crandall Mackey, 14, Gardner L. Boothe 13, R. W. Stump 13, T. Maurice Wampler 13, F. G. Duvall 10, J. L. Foster 8, O. C. Thomas 7, Carlin, Carlin and Hall 6, Caton and Caton 6, F. L. Ball 4, Neudecker and Ashford 4, Frank Stuart 3, Charles Bendheim 2, A. H. Collins (colored) 2, W. C. Gloth 2, and 1 each for H. O. Thomas, J. K. M. Norton, McNeil, Ralph Given, Robert Thomas, Amos Crounse, R. W. McMahon, C. J. Campbell, E. E. Johnson, Edmund Burke, Malcolm Hufty, W. P. Davis, Wm. M. Ellison, Mandy and Hornbeck, Kennedy, Hays (colored) and Rust.

Star Witnesses

The report further showed that the star witnesses for residence and domicile were Mrs. Mary L. Baggett, Mrs. Stella Bensil, Robert Luckett, Millie Sue Lowe and Frances Ballenger.

Mrs. Baggett's depositions show that she testified in 144 of the 807 cases tabulated; Mrs. Bensil testified in 27, Robert Luckett in 21, Mollie Sue Lowe in 11 and Frances Ballenger in 9.

The month of August, 1920, was a busy month for divorce seekers and professional witnesses. The report shows that during this month the numbers of future complainants, male and female, who enjoyed the Alexandria summer at the homes of the above

(Continued on page five)

RETURN FROM "Y" CONFERENCE

Thirty-Eighth Meeting in Richmond Declared a Success

Secretary Wallace of the Y. M. C. A., and the delegates to the industrial conference and thirty-eighth annual Y. M. C. A. convention at Richmond have returned and report most interesting time. The industrial conference convened at the Hotel Richmond Thursday morning and continued throughout the day.

Charles R. Towson, senior secretary of the Industrial Department of the Y. M. C. A., of New York was in charge and the conference was a real conference with the men taking part in the discussions. Alexandria's delegation of eight was the largest at the conference. The conference concluded with a dinner session at the Richmond.

The state convention began Thursday evening with a testimonial dinner to Governor E. Lee Trinkle. The

(Continued on page three)

ENORMOUS CUT IN NAVY BILL FRAMERS' PLAN

Chairman Kelley Says There Is No Money For Old Warships

NO COMMISSIONS

Middies Will Return to Civil Life—To Junk Old Battle Craft and Destroyers

Washington, Feb. 20.—Congress will not spend one dollar for the upkeep next year of old warships that are unable to contribute to national defense, Chairman Kelley, of the subcommittee on appropriations, which will frame a new navy bill, announced yesterday.

Opposing the appropriation of $350,000,000 asked for by Secretary Denby, Chairman Kelley declined to indicate how much might be cut from the Secretary's estimate by carrying out his program of "junking worthless vessels." It was intimated by the chairman's associates, however, that the figure would be reduced to $210,000,000, or possibly $200,000,000.

Mr. Kelley declared he does not believe that Congress will be willing to furnish the necessary men and money for that part of the navy which has a military value. But there are scores of ships costing millions every year which are worthless. He says he is not going to vote to keep these old ships in commission, nor will Congress, unless it can be shown that they can contribute to our national defense.

Asked how he stood on the question of turning the 540 members of the first class at Annapolis back to civil life in June, Mr. Kelley said:

"It may be hard, but the first class will not be commissioned. We will have to be conservative in cutting the officer personnel, and in this emergency we cannot swap men for boys. Some of the first class may be taken in, to give a sprinkling of fresh life and energy, but with the wholesale reductions necessary the class will have to go. Its members have received a fine education; they are ready for the struggle of life, and the loss will be more sentimental than financial."

The impression was gained from the chairman that he believes a large number of destroyers could be laid up than the 100 mentioned by the Secretary of the Navy.

"The old rule called for four destroyers for each battleship," he said. "We are to have 18 battleships, and by applying this rule we might get along with 72 destroyers in active commission."

(Continued on page three)

WASHINGTON DAY BY DAY

Washington, Feb. 20.—The statement of Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee that the soldier bonus bill will pass the House in ten days is disputed strongly by competent political observers in the House who say in effect that Mr. Fordney is "talking through his hat." As a matter of fact Fordney can make more optimistic predictions about what is going to happen in his committee and in the House than any other prominent Republican in that body. If you ask Fordney about the chances of a particular measure in which he is interested he will place a maximum limit of ten days upon any piece of legislation for action by the House. In no instance has Fordney's predictions been right. As a matter of fact he lives in the past. He came to Washington many years ago from Michigan. Previous to his entrance into Congressional life he served as a "lumber jack" in the wilds of the forest of that state. It is apparent from some of his statements recently made that he is still living in the past. He goes to the White House, confers with the President and comes away with a statement which is repudiated within twenty-four hours after he has made it. But Fordney, is the man to whom the destinies of the nation so far as its financial situation is concerned, is depended upon to bring order out of the present chaotic condition in which the Republican party finds itself.

It seems to be a habit with some people to offer large financial inducements to members of President Harding's cabinet to quit. First on the list was Will H. Hays, Postmaster General who goes to the moving picture industry as its head at a salary reported to be $150,000 a year. Now comes the city of Philadelphia with an offer to Secretary of Commerce Hoover of $50,000 a year for five years to take charge of the Sesqui-Centennial in that city. Hoover has not been officially notified of the offer made to him by this Philadelphia organization. It is well known in Washington that this particular body has been "flirting" with the Secretary for some time but he said today that he had received no official communication from Philadelphia which would make him consider such an offer. He said that he had read in the newspapers the details of the position to which the Philadelphia concern mentioned would like to assign him to but in the absence of a direct invitation he could make no comment.

There have been rumors that Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, considered the second richest man in the United States, might be offered the head of a powerful financial concern in New York. Mellon don't care about money. He smokes "Pittsburgh tobies" which retail for 3 for five cents. He can place his hands upon at least $100,000,000 in case of emergency. But he don't have to. There is no firm or corporation, banking or financial, which could offer Mr. Mellon sufficient inducement to become their head.

Which all goes to show that a disruption in the present Harding cabinet is not imminent but there is no telling when an earthquake may break out.

There is a good deal of interest in Washington at the present time over the attitude which Southern Senators and Congressman will take as respects the bonus legislation. It is conceded upon every hand that politics is to be removed in the consideration of this rather difficult problem. According to the judgment of some of the best informed statesmen on Capitol Hill the payment of the bonus in a lump sum would be the worst thing that could happen to the South. They view with alarm the situation which might be created were several hundred negroes given between $250 and $500 at once, knowing full well that the money disseminated among the colored population would be spent in rioutous living, gambling, drinking, and other forms of amusement which might portend difficulties with the lawful and abiding citizens of this section of the country.

Senator John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, who probably more than other Senator from the southern states knows the negro problem, is opposed to the bonus. He says that to place in the hands of the soldiers such a great amount of money at one time might mean ruination of industry and would at least create a situation in the South which would encourage greater animosity between the whites and the blacks south of the Mason Dixon line.

Isaac Gregg.

THOS. DEWEY DIES

Funeral Services to be Held at 3 P. M. Wednesday at Sharon

Thomas Dewey, 85 years old, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Peyton Ballenger, 1814 Duke street. The deceased is survived by a son and three daughters. Mr. Dewey was a native of Nottinghampshire, England, and came to this country when but 9 years old, and had made his home in Fairfax County.

The body was taken to Wheatley's mortuary chapel and his funeral will take place at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon from Sharon Chapel, Fairfax County, and services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. S. A. Wallis, and burial will be at Sharon.

HOUSE LEADERS STILL IN DARK ON BONUS PLAN

Cannot Even Guess The Method to be Used in Financing

MORE DELAY LIKELY

Hope Expressed That Initial Cost May Be Met By Cuts in Appropriations

Washington, Feb. 20.—The soldiers' bonus situation continues to be so nebulous that Republican House leaders still were unprepared last night to venture even a guess as to what plan of financing ultimately would be agreed upon.

It was understood to be their disposition to let the question simmer a while longer in the hope that sentiment would so shape itself as to facilitate the task of those who will frame the measure.

It developed yesterday that beneath the surface of the storm which has raged around President Harding's suggestion that the bonus be financed by a sales tax there has been a lot of quiet talk in support of the proposal advanced by some leaders last week that the legislation be made a general charge against the Treasury, with expected savings through cuts in regular appropriation bills relied upon for the financing of a portion of the initial cost.

When first suggested by Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, the majority House leader, this proposal seemed to meet with considerable favor among the rank and file in the House, but the idea became all but submerged by the wave of talk that swept through cloak rooms and corridors after the President's letter to Chairman Fordney, of the Ways and Means Committee, had reached the Capitol.

Irrespective of the bonus, there apparently was a determination in the House to reduce sharply the estimates for both the navy and the army and that possibly $200,000,000 would be cut out of the supply bills for those departments alone. Such a sum, it was said, would go a long way toward meeting the first year's cost of the cash payments to former service men.

Views of the majority members of the Ways and Means Committee on this plan have not yet been publicly developed. These members will meet today to go into the whole bonus question, but an immediate decision as to how the bonus will be financed is not expected. Proponents of a sales tax, however, are understood to be prepared to force their fight in the committee at the earliest opportunity.

Some opponents of the sales levy concede that there are sufficient votes among the majority members of the committee to report out such a tax, but declare the question of expediency must enter into the final decision. The first consideration, they said, is the probable effect of such a tax on the minds of the people generally, and the second the known effect that will be produced among Republican members of the House.

If such a tax is proposed to a party conference the optimists assert that they will renew the fight which was waged successfully in a similar conference in 1920, when the first bonus bill was presented with a sales tax attached. Failing to win in the caucus, they declare their fight will be carried to the floor of the House, with the expectation of almost solid support from the Democrats.

Assigned to Alexandria

L. B. Howard Named Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue

Richmond, Va., Feb. 20.—Lewis B. Howard, for the past two years private secretary to Representative C. Bascom Slemp, of the Ninth Congressiona District, has been appointed a deputy collector of internal revenue under Collector John C. Noel, and has

Mr. Howard has been assigned to taken the oath of office.

the Alexandria collection zone. Ben Norman, brother of Charles T. Norman, of Richmond, also qualified as a deputy collector succeeding to the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. S. Shields.

Bible Thought for Today

There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fear; because fear hath torment. He that feareth is not made perfect in love.—1 John 4:18.

IN CONGRESS YESTERDAY

SENATE

Senate was not in session; will meet tomrorow at noon.

Finance cmomittee is understood to have adopted the Smoot plan of assessing tariff duties on the basis of the foreign valuation, with discretionary power given the President to assess the American valuation in certain cases.

This decision, it was stated, would necessitate a rewriting of the ad valorem rates of the House bill, which are predicated upon the American valuation.

Commenting upon statements in certain French quarters to the effect that that country was not contemplating payment of its war debt to the United States, Senator McCormick (Rep.) of Illinois, in an authorized statement, said American loans to European governments "were made in good faith" and that "no Russian or other conditions were attached to their payment."

HOUSE

Met at noon and adjourned at 3:30 p. m., until noon tomorrow.

Considered bills on the private calendar.

Immigration committee reported bill advocating the continuance for another year of the 3 per cent immigration law, which, unless Congress acts, will expire by limitation June 30 next.

A minority report dissenting from the views in the majority was filed by Representatives Sabath (Dem.) Illinois, and Sigel (Rep.), New York, condemning the percentage law as "inhuman and contrary to the highest American ideals and traditions."

A third opinion, by Representative Box (Dem.) Texas, characterized the percentage law as makeshift legislation with which the country is dissatisfied.

Military affairs committee began individually to summarize the testimony of witnesses heard during the past two weeks on Henry Ford's proposal to take over the Muscle Shoals (Ala.) government power plant as a preliminary to terminating the public sessions some time this week.

Chairman Fordney of the ways and means committee reiterated his announcement that a draft of the soldier bonus bill would be completed within ten days, but there was little indication of what direction discussion among Republican members was taking or how the necessary revenue would be raised.

ARROWS APOLOGIZE

The Gazette is in receipt of the following telegram which is self-explanatory:

Please publish this article in your sporting columns: To sport followers: The Washington Arrow Basketeers who were scheduled to meet the Alexandria Light Infantry Five in the Armory yesterday afternoon, failed to appear because only three players of the Arrow team reported to the latter's clubroom by three o'clock. At that hour I called off the game as it was impossible to assemble a team. I take this opportunity to apologize to the sport followers of Alexandria for our non-appearance and trust that they will overlook this disappointment. This is the first time in three years as a manager that I did not have my team at a scheduled game.

W. Charles Quant, Manager.

CHARTER GRANTED

Alexandria Concern to Conduct General Mercantile Business

The state corporation commission has granted a charter to the Railway Employers Co-Operative Association, Alexandria, the purpose of which are to conduct a general mercantile business. The maximum capital stock is $100,000 and the minimum is $5,000.

The officers and directors are as follows: L. A. Howard, president; H. A. Lipscombe, vice president, J. W. Spencer, secretary and treasurer; Mrs. Margaret J. Dennis, W. S. Risdon, L. D. Mellon, P. Karriker, Mrs. E. Bragg and L. N. Mijan.

The commission also has granted an amendment to the Charter Boothe Rock Creek Company, Incorporated, providing that there shall be no difference between the common and preferred stock.

Richmond—With slight hopes being held out for his recovery at Johnston-Fillis Hospital, William J. McCraw, 17 year old school boy, of High land Springs, who was stabbed in three places with a rusty hunting knife by his stepfather, G. W. Lamb, in a quarrel, was reported by the hospital authorities to be in a critical condition.

Petersburg—Citizens of Petersburg are warned by the Salvation Army officials to be on the lookout for fakers who have been soliciting funds in the name of the Salvation Army. The officers of the local organization say that the clothes worn by the illegitimate solicitors are similar to the uniform of all solicitors for the Salvation Army.

Roanoke—Pleas of guilty of liquor law violations became epidemic at this term of the United States District Court, the criminal sessions of which ended this afternoon, and as a result, the government got $6,000 in fines and twenty-five defendants got as recipts, 1,035 days in jail.

The schools of the city will be closed on Wednesday in observance of the birth date of Washington.

Plans For Temple Are Gone Over Today

Meeting of Committee For George Washington Masonic Memorial Association Held at New Willard Hotel

SUBMIT REPORT TOMORROW

Committee on Plans Here This Afternoon and Look Over Charter For Association—Expect to Visit Site for Temple With Architects—All Ready for Opening of Twelfth Annual Convention Tomorrow—Informal Reception Tonight to Early Arrivals at Masonic Temple.

The work of the twelfth annual convention of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association, which will convene at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning in the Masonic Temple, really began this morning at the New Willard Hotel, Washington, when the board of directors of the association met and took under consideration the architectural plans which have been prepared by the firm of Helme and Corbett of New York City, with Osgood & Osgood of Detroit, Michigan, as consulting architects, and Olmsted Brothers of Brookline, Mass., landscape architeets.

The plans as to both the building and the landscape were minutely and carefully inspected and the result of the determination of the directors will be reported to the association at its meeting in this city tomorrow.

The members of the board came over to Alexandria this afternoon and carefully reviewed the proposed charter of the association which has been prepared by Howard W. Smith and James R. Caton of this city, and they appeared before the committee and explained in detail the provisions of the instrument. The directors expect later in the afternoon, accompanied by the architects and the landscape gardeners, to inspect the site for the Temple in George Washington Park.

Many of the delegates are expected to arrive here tonight and they will be tendered an informal reception at the Masonic Temple.

Tomorrow the association will convene and 200 delegates are expected to attend from practically every section of the United States.

Tomorrow night the officers of Alexandria-Washington Lodge will confer the master Mason degree in order that the visitors from foreign jurisdictions may have an opportunity to witness the exemplification of the Virginia ritual. On Wednesday night the annual celebration of George Washington's birthday will be held in the lodge room of Alexandria Lodge of Elks. In addition to a number of addresses there will be a stereopticon lecture, briefly outlining the history of Alexandria-Washington Lodge, and if the present plan and model of the memorial is adopted, views of the temple will be shown.

The wives and lady friends of the members of the lodge are invited to attend this meeting. It is expected that the affair will be the largest Masonic gathering held here in many years.

At 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the delegates to the convention will make their annual pilgrimage to Mount Vernon. The trip will be made by trolley from the corner of Royal and Prince streets. Suitable wreaths will be placed on Washington's tomb by representatives of the association and the lodges of Alexandria.

The complete program for the two days' session follows:

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20.

Informal Reception of Delegates and Special Guests in Masonic Temple.

—First Session—

February 21.

9:30 A. M. Opening Ceremonies.
Invocation.
Address of Welcome—Grand Master of Virginia, James H. Price.
Regular Order of Business.
12:30 P. M.—Luncheon.
1:30 P. M.—Re-assemble.
Resumption of Business.
7:30 P. M.—Called Communication of Alexandria - Washington Lodge, conferring M. M. Degree by the Officers.

—Second Session—

February 22.

9:30 A. M.—Invocation.
Regular Order of Business.
12:30 P. M.—Luncheon.
1:30 P. M.—Re-assemble.
2:30 P. M.—Pilgrimage to Mount Vernon.
7:30 P. M.—Stated Communication of Alexandria-Washington Lodge and Annual Celebration of the Birthday of General George Washington.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME

By the Grand Master of Masons in Virginia.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Hon. Louis A. Watres, President Memorial Association.
Melvin M. Johnson, P. G. M. of Massachusetts.
Hon. G. M. Napier, P. G. M. of Georgia.

the meetings of the association except the representatives of the grand bodies or special guests bearing cards

(Continued on page three)

FIND CLUE TO BODY OF INFANT

Young Washington Woman Now in Hospital In State of Coma

A woman whose name appeared on a sale slip in a box in which was the body of an infant girl was found in Washington Saturday afternoon and removed to the Emergency Hospital. She was said to be in a state of coma. The body was taken back to Washington late Saturday afternoon by Detective Springman. Mrs. Nina C. Van Winkle, head of the Woman's Bureau, is investigating the case, and the woman will be questioned when she has sufficiently recovered. The body was found Saturday morning on the lot of the Lee Public School and, according to reports since received by the police, was brought here Friday night and deposited where it was found.

OPIUM DENS RAIDED BY N. Y. POLICE

Peace of Chinatown Broken by Shots and Crash Of Axes

RAIDERS FIRED ON

One House Broken Into Is Found to be Sumptuously Furnished Throughout

New York, Feb. 20.—Rudely disturbed in the peace that for years has brooded over its crooked streets and mysterious dwelling, Chinatown awoke at dawn yesterday to the sound of pistol volleys and the rending crash of barricaded doors as police raiders stormed a succession of long-suspected opium dens.

Eight persons were arrested, including a woman whose back was thought to have been broken in a leap from a second-story window. A man whose plunge for freedom she imitated was only slightly injured.

Two of the storming party had narrow escapes from injury. Bullets fired by unseen defenders passed through the hat of a detective and grazed the shoe of a Federal narcotic agent.

Large quantities of opium, with pipes and other paraphernalia, were confiscated.

Under command of Ralph Oyler, chief of the Federal Narcotic Division a score of police and Government agents first surrounded a suspected den on Mott street, in the heart of the Oriental quarter. Two of the party were stationed on the roof, with others on guard at fire escapes and other means of egress, while the main squad led by Oyler, launched a sudden onslaught on the front door. Wielding heavy axes they chopped their way through the door, which was strongly barred and studded with iron.

As the barricade yielded and crashed to the floor there was a shriek from within. With the first blows by the attacking party those inside had made for the fire escapes and John Buff, 17, and the woman, Ethel Kelly, 49, had leaped from the railing, striking on a stone pavement 20 feet below. Both were taken to Bellevue Hospital under guard.

The apartment, police reported, was a typical opium joint," equipped with tiers of wooden bunks around the walls and with empty or half-filled drug tins strewn about, the pungent fumes of cooking pellets rising from tiny alcohol burners.

An array of about 100 hollow toys of various sizes and descriptions also was seized. These were thought to have been used for transporting opium to customers outside.

Alexandria Gazette
SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS
AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

THEODORE HARRIS, President.

Published every afternoon except Sunday by the
Alexandria Gazette Corporation
317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia, as second class matter

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES
Bryant, Griffith and Brunson, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York
Peoples Gas Bldg., Chicago.
201 Devonshire St., Boston.
907 Grant Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

For Greater Alexandria

Ferry to Maryland Shore.
Improved Highway to Fairfax.
Great White Way on King Street.
Belgian Blocks replaced on Washington Highway by asphalt.
North Alfred and Columbus Streets improved to Washington Boulevard.
New Public School.
Washington Boulevard made safe by abutting strips.
More Playgrounds for the children.
Public Park.
Modern Y. M. C. A. Building.
Reduction in Gas Rates.
Reduction in City Taxes.
500 Houses or Apartments.
Municipal Pier

INTELLIGENT PUBLICITY

In its editorial of the 15th instant the Gazette said: "The one thing Alexandria lacks at present is intelligent publicity."

"The Gazette has resolved to start the procession by its mammoth National Publicity Edition, which will certainly advertise our city as it has never been advertised before."

Arthur Brisbane, in yesterday's Times, says:

"The city of Boston has engaged a professional press agent. Wise Mayor Curley. Intelligent publicity is what every concern needs—city, individual, or corporation. First have it, then tell about it.

Every business needs a professional advertising director as much as a ship needs a pilot. The man who says, "Oh, I know how to advertise my business," is as foolish as though he tried to steer a ship through Hell Gate. Publicity is a "science." Exact and every day making new discovetries."

We are glad to have such authoritative and verbatim endorsement. We have likewise advocated a professional press agent for Alexandria. And when we have achieved those things set forth at the top of our editorial column daily, or even a half of them, we can begin the consideration of a professional press agent for the city. Until that time we are frank to say it might be premature. This is one instance where eventuality is not nowness!

FREE PUBLICITY

Free publicity almost invariably arrives with genuine merit. Ford, Edison, Hoover, Pershing, to mention only a few of those citizens whose names are on every lip, and whose faces are in every newspaper—are known to the millions, not because of public office held, but because of deeds done that benefit humanity at large. What is true of men is true of cities. They must stand out conspicuous for achievement; possess facilities or attractions beyond the ordinary; offer inducements not common elsewhere; hoist themselves beyond the dead level of the thousand-and-one other municipalities; become known for progressive spirit and wide-awake activities; have ideals and ceaselessly follow them—these are the *sine qua non* for a city that wishes to be advertised in the right way.

Alexandria has already begun to move in this direction. Of the dozen or so things she has set for herself to accomplish, three are almost sure of early achievement. A New Public School; a Great White Way on King Street, and an Improved Highway to Fairfax. These things once put over, the others will follow. Every step forward makes the next easier. The air of Alexandria is becoming electric with civic pride and civic ambition. The spirit is contagious, too.

Think of the great national capital already pointing to us as an example to be emulated! The Washington Star is known as one of the really great newspapers of the United States. It editorializes, in its issue of last Friday, on our proposed White Way. It strongly commends our enterprise and foresight. It bids Washington to beware lest "men may sometimes say that Alexandria is a city of light and Washington a city of gloom."

This is what we call "free publicity." Alexandria has but to continue on the path she has entered, and she will find herself advertised not only by her loving friends, but by strangers from the antipodes! Nor will this preclude nor do away with the publicity for which she must pay and in which she must have skilled and intelligent direction. The two go hand-in-hand and are interdependent. But we have made the start. That is the main thing, and always the most difficult.

There may be those among us who doubt the advisability of the journey. They may prefer to continue in the ruts of centuries. But if we know our Alexandria they are in a hopeless minority.

FOOD PRICES AND PROFITS

An interesting study of food prices and profits has recently been made by a group of business and professional women in Virginia in which information, gathered from different sections of the State for comparing prices and wholesale and retail percentage of profits in different Virginia cities, has been compiled. In order to take into consideration summer and fall conditions, the prices quoted are those of the months of August and November, 1921. This compilation has been made by the Virginia Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs in the interest of lower prices since the busfness depression has resulted in lowered incomes and salaries to many of its members without a corresponding reduction in the cost of living.

Since women are the main buyers of food products and since business women are in touch with conditions affecting prices, this compilation has been of the keenest interest to the business and professional women throughout the State, especially because a large proportion of the women undertaking it were housekeepers. The information from which the tables of prices were compiled is at the headquarters of the Virginia Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Hotel Richmond, Richmond, Va., and can be seen by anyone interested in this

Labor and production conditions have been in such an abnormal state for the past year that it is impossible to make any accurate compilation of farmers' profits, but, as far as could be ascertained, the farmers have, as a rule, sold at a low margin of profit, and in some instance at a loss, and seem, as a class, to have borne the brunt of the loss in the shaking down of reconstruction prices.

It will be seen that the wholesaler's profit is in every case smaller than the retailer's, and, although it is realized that the latter is at the heavier overhead expense, it is nevertheless evident that the retailer usually has the "long end" of the profits of food trading. Fluctuating market conditoins also affect the retailer less than the wholesaler, who must consider the element of risk involved in handling large quantities.

It will also been seen how widely both prices and profits differ in the same State on the same date. In August white potatoes sold in Alexandria for 46 1-2c a peck wholesale, in Roanoke 31c, in Petersburg 28 1-2c, while the retail price in Alexandria was 75c a peck with a retail profit of 60 per cent, in Roanoke 50c a peck, with a retail profit of 60 per cent, and in Petersburg at 35c a peck, giving the retailer 22 per cent profit. In Richmond in November, under cooler conditions, when produce could be moved more gradually, and in consequence the effect of spoilage upon prices was not appreciable, potatoes were selling wholesale for 42 1-2c a peck and retailing for 80c a peck, with a retailer's profit of 88 per cent. This staple article is selected because of the consistent demand for it and its comparatively low overhead cost. To show that business can be carried on at a small margin of profit on an article for which there is a steady demand, attention is called to the low retail profit on flour, which varies from 6 per cent in Alexandria to 20 per cent in Richmond. This staple article is not subject to quick deterioration, yet its bulk and weight are somewhat heavy overhead items.

Produce, like butter, eggs and dressed chicken, require a quicker turnover than potatoes in warm weather, and the percentage of profits is proportionately lower. The retail profit in Alexandria on eggs that sold for 40c a dozen in August was 14 per cent, on dressed chickens, 8 per cent; in Roanoke, at the same prices retail profit on eggs was 14 per cent, and on chickens 21 per cent, while in cooler fall weather, which partially reduced the necessity for quick turnover, chickens sold in Richmond at a retail profit of 83 per cent, eggs 16 per cent and butter 19 per cent.

An item which does not appear in the figures as compiled but one of decided interest to the buyers of food products, is the fact that beef, which in 1913 sold for a fraction over 5c a pound on the hoof, is selling practically the same today, and yet the retail price of sirloin in 1913 was from 21c to 25c and today is from 35c to 45c with the present consumer paying a large proportion o fthe approximate 80 per cent difference in profits.

The facts obtained in the investigation can be briefly summed up as follows:

1. There is wide divergence in both prices and profits for given commodities in different cities of Virginia on the same date.

2. Figures on the farmer's profits are difficult to obtain but apparently he is the chief sufferer among those handling food commodities, and it is evident that he is bearing the brunt of the loss in present abnormal conditions.

3. The wholesaler, apparently, makes a substantial profit, though not as large as does the retailer. Also, he has a greater risk from spoilage than the retailer and from fluctuating market conditions, and must conform in general to a lower price scale.

4. The retailer's main disadvantage over the wholesaler is a greater overhead cost; he has, however, less risk from spoilage, less disadvantage from fluctuating market conditions, and in every item in this study his percentage of profit is substantially higher than that of the wholesaler.

5. The consumer, next to the farmer, has had the "short end" of advantages in lowered prices. The retailer's prices to him are very disproporitonate to those charged by either farmer to wholesaler or wholesaler to him, and are not lewered by any of the conditions cited above as to his advantage in comparison with those affecting the wholesaler.

The Virginia Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs has made this study because it realizes the business value of obtaining first-hand information for comparative purposes. It now presents these facts and figures to the other women's organizations in the State with the suggestion that they study the matter, and if possible work out some solution whereby the farmer and consumer will not have to shoulder such an uneven proportion of losses in the matter of adjustments of food prices in this reconstruction period.

Australia, with more territory than the United States, has only 5,000,000 inhabitants.

Canada has an area of 3,729,665 square miles.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY'S POEM ON "ABE MARTIN"

James Whitcomb Riley, the genial Hoosier poet, who passed away recently, dedicated to Kin Hubbard's humorous character "Abe Martin" which appears daily in this newspaper, the following characteristic verses:

TO KIN HUBBARD—
THE FATHER OF HIS COUNTRYMAN,
ABE MARTIN:

ABE MARTIN!—dad-burn his old picture!
P'tends he's a Brown County fixture—
A kind of comical mixture
Of hoss-sense and no sense at all!
His mouth, like his pipe, 's allus goin,'
And his thoughts, like his whiskers, is flowin'—
And what he don't know ain't worth knowin'—
From Genesis clean to baseball!

The author, Kin Hubbard, 's so keerless
He draws Abe 'most eyeless and earless;
But he's never yit pictured him cheerless
Er with fun 'at he tried to conceal—
Whuther onto the fence er clean over
A-rootin' up ragweed er clover,
Skeert stiff at some "Rambler" or "Rover"
Er new fangled automobeel.

It's a purty steep climate old Brown's in;
And the rains there his ducks nearly drowns in,
The old man hisse'f wades his rounds in
As ca'm and serene, mighty nigh,
As the old handsaw hawg, er the mottled
Milch-cow, er the old rooster wattled
Like the mumps had him 'most so well throttled
That it wuz a pleasure to die.

But best of 'em all's the fool-breaks 'at
Abe don't see at all, and yit makes, 'at
Both me and you lays back and shakes at
His comic, miraculous cracks,
Which makes him—clean back of the power
Or genius itse'f in its flower—
This Notable Man of the Hour,
Abe Martin, the Joker on Facts.

James Whitcomb Riley.

The Little Minister

A play is to be given tonight and tomorrow night, at the Richmond, that no one should miss. Barrie is one of the great autors of the day. This play is founded on his novel, and we know therefore that plot, story, and delineation of character are supreme. The astonishing thing is that the cast in this Movie Drama are about as near perfection as things human ever get. The atmosphere is sweet and wholesome. We are transported bodily to Auld Scotland, and memories of Robert Burns, Walter Scott, Robert Louis Stevenson, Lady Nairn, and the Ettrick Shepherd, crowd the imagination thick and fast. It seems as if the characters were all delineated by real Scottish men and women. The Little Minister, himself, the Gipsy and the Earl's fair daughter; the canting covenanters; the rabble; and the castle halls; these are the originals, indeed, and Barrie must have seen them in a dream and so writ his book! Whoever you are, clergyman, lawyer, doctor, banker, merchant, tired school-teacher, pupil, or even of no vocation, calling or creed, we urge upon you for your own sake, to see this wonderful setting of the silver screen; this acting which is not acting but life. It is a touch of that existence that makes us behold the goodness of the Creator and see the good in man made in His image.

Eheu! Could we only have these things every night. The world were certainly better for it!

Alexandria Honored

The Anthology of Magazine Verse for 1921 has recently come from the press, and its pages are the best evidence that the fires on the altars of Poesy are still burning bright in this age of pragmatism. The volume, published annually, is a collection of the best verse that has appeared in the American magazines during the year, and the reputation of its editor for his scholarly taste and unswerving standards, renders it an unusual distinction for the verse-writers of the day to appear in its pages.

Mrs. Caroline Giltinan Harlow, wife of our well-known fellow-citizen Leo P. Harlow, is thus honored in the present volume, and in our judgment her verse ranks among the best of the selections.

A book of Mrs. Harlow's poems has already been published and met with most favorable reception. Her work finds ready acceptance in the current magazines and she numbers her admirers all over the country.

That our readers may also enjoy the bit of verse published in the Anthology, we take the liberty of re-printing it in today's Gazette.

HUGO HERFURTH, Jr.
General Contractor
Cement Work a Specialty
278-tf.

INTERPRETED

(From Anthology of Magazine Verse for 1921.)

Now I know why ivy
Climbs against the wall
Striving to be graceful,
Greener and more tall.

Now I see why swallows
Sweep across the sky
In their swift excitement
Shrilling as they fly,

Now I hear all music says;
The stream's low murmuring.
Now I know why gardens grow
And birds forever sing.

All of earth and heaven,
God's grandeur, with the rest,
I glimpse in flashing worship
While I lie against your breast.
Caroline Giltinan Harlow.

IN MEMORIAM

In sad but loving remembrance of my dear mother, SARAH JANE LANGLEY, who departed this life four years ago today, February 20, 1918.

Forget her? No, I never will,
I loved her then, I love her still,
Her memory is as fresh today
As in the hour she passed away.
43-1p. Her son, William.

IN MEMORIAM

In sad but loving remembrance of our dear mother and mother-in-law, MRS. LAURA A. MERCHANT, who departed this life 3 years ago yesterday, February 19, 1919.

We did not know the pain you bore,
We did not see you die;
We only know you went away,
And did not say good bye.

The pearly gates were opened;
A gentle voice said "Come!"
And with farewell unspoken
She calmly entered home.
Her loving daughter
and son-in-law, Ruth and Audley.
43-1p.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of my dear mother, SARAH JANE LANGLEY, who departed this life four years ago, February 20, 1918.

Just a thought of sweet remembrance
Just a memory fond and true
Just a token of affection
And a heartache still for you.
I mourn for you dear mother,
But not with outside show,
For the heart that mourns sincerely
Mourns silently and low.
Her Daughter,
43-1p. Mrs. J. C. Stokes.

DOES YOUR HOUSEWORK SEEM HARD?

Has Your Strength Left You? Gude's Pepto-Mangan Will Restore it

If you have dyspepsia and headaches, and feel "all-in," don't take it for granted that there is no relief. Strength and ambition for your tasks will come when you build up your weakened blood with Gude's Pepto-Mangan. Take it with your meals a few weeks and see the permanent benefit. It is just the thing to aid you to recover full health. This wonderfully efficient form of food iron quickly improves the appetite, adds color to cheeks and lips and imparts strength to the jaded muscles. Remember to ask for "Gude's Pepto-Mangan." Sold in both liquid and tablet form. Advertisement.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Alexandria Real Estate and Mortgage Corporation will be held at its office, the Chamber of Commerce, Fairfax and Cameron Streets, Alexandria, Va on Friday, February 24, 1922, at 4 o'clock p. m
42-5c Wm. P. Woolls, Secretary.

QUALITY SERVICE
COAL
W. A. SMOOT & CO., Inc.

GOODYEAR Service Station
BELLE HAVEN GARAGE

Mardi Gras, New Orleans,
Reduced Fares, Feb. 25-28, Limited for Return Reach Original Starting Point by Midnight March 7th, With Privilege of Extension to March 22nd. Apply to SOUTHERN RAILWAY Ticket Agents, or S. E. BURGESS, DPA., 1425 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE

A special meeting of Fitzgerald Council, Knights of Columbus, will be held at their home, St. Asaph and Cameron streets, at 8 p. m., tonight.
By order of the Grand Knight.
43-1c. F. T. Quinn, Recorder.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Nicklin Pharmacal Company, 114 Harvard Street of this city manufacture an excellent preparation for chapped hands, face and lips and roughness of the skin in general, known as Witch Camph Lotion and in order to introduce it to the citizens of Alexandria, they wish a number of representatives, men, women, boys and girls who will solicit orders for it from their friends and acquaintances. A 12 year old girl made quite a snug sum of Xmas money taking orders for it among her relatives and friends. What she did you can do. Call and see Mr. Nicklin, he has a good proposition to offer and do it now for the winter winds are already here and the people will want just such a remedy as this.

The American, or bald eagle, sits on its eggs about four weeks before they are hatched.

Advertising
Forceful English sculptured in type to tell your story and sell your product - - -
SAMSON SERVICE
Strength in Advertising
MAIN 1969 F. ROTIER President

Established 1852
BURKE AND HERBERT BANKERS
Investments, First Mortgages on Real Estate
3 per Cent Paid on Savings Deposits

BRING YOUR RADIATOR PROBLEMS HERE

and have them solved. No matter how badly your radiator leaks or has been damaged we can repair it to your entire satisfaction and give it a new lease of life. If your radiator leaks don't neglect it because it means a ruined engine. We not only insert new cores when necessary but we make your radiator as good as new.

MARTIN'S GARAGE
111 N. Pitt Street
Phone 262 Alexandria, Va.

An Old Established Banking Institution

We pride ourselves on the fact that we are the oldest and strongest bank in Northern Virginia and our customers are protected by the complete backing of our almost unlimited resources.

First National Bank
Of Alexandria, Va.

SAVE---
For The "Rainy Day"
A savings account in this strong bank will protect you against the proverbial "RAINY DAY." It will also assure you money at any time you may need it.
3 per cent Interest on Savings
ALEXANDRIA NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

The regular drill of the Alexandria Light Infantry will be held in the Armory tonight.

Captain James N. Beach, who has been ill at his home for the past two weeks, is reported to be improving.

Gym Classes will be held as usual in the Westminster building today. All members are asked to make special efforts to be present.

Cherry Day will be observed in benefit of the Alexandria Playground Association on Wednesday, as is announced in another section of today's Gazette.

Miss Martha Lee Allison's Circle of Woman's Missionary Society will meet at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the Westminster Building instead of at Miss Allison's residence as previously announced.

The Woodlawn Circle of King's Daughters will give an oyster supper at the Woodlawn Friends' meeting House near Camp Humphreys tomorrow evening for the benefit of the community building.

Mr. Leopold Ruben and sister, Miss Sara, have returned from the Bermudas, where they had a most delightful time. Both have been greatly improved by their sojourn in the balmy climate of this modern Eden.

Preparations for the Birth Night Ball, which is to be given by the Daughters of the American Revolution in Elks' Hall Wednesday night, are nearing completion. A fine time is anticipated by all who expect to attend.

Evelyn Stuart Wood, seven years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Massie R. Wood, of 1815 Duke street, died yesterday morning at the Alexandria Hospital and the body was taken to her parents' home and prepared for burial. The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A Colonial Tea is to be given by the W. F. Watson Memorial Philathea Class of the First Baptist Church in the Young People's Building on the evening of March 2. A comittee is already at work on the arrangements and promises to have an elaborate affair.

"The Little Minister," a picture adapted from the famous novel of the same name by James M. Barrie is being shown at the Richmond today and tomorrow. The Ingomar is playing Hoot Gibson in "The Fire Eater." The Idle Hour is featuring Jack Terrin in "Both Barrells," a wild and wooly presentation of the West that used to be.

Miss Emma Hardbower has returned from a deligtful visit to her sister, Mrs. E. E. Ayers, at Groveton Farm, Fairfax Co.

Caroline, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Worth Stanton, is ill at her home in King street with typhoid fever.

The regular meeting of the Allison Branch of the W. C. T. U., will be held this evening at 7:45 o'clock in the home of Mrs. James H. Mansfield, 108 North Pitt street. Members are requested to attend this meeting.

The annual sermon to Oriental Lodge, No. 6, Knights of Pythias, was delivered last night in the First Baptist Church by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. E. B. Jackson. A large percentage of the membership of that lodge was present. The pastor took as his subject, "Friendship." Oriental Lodge will hold its regular meeting tomorrow night in Pythian Temple, Cameron street.

Cadet Captain Frances Summers, of the Virginia Military Institute basket ball team, was the guest of his parents here yesterday. He is in Washington with his team which will play the team of Catholic University in Brookland tonight.

Mr. R. E. Knight is able to be out again after being confined to his home for the past few days on account of sickness.

Mrs. R. B. Adams, of Rosemont, left this morning for Richmond, where she will spend some time as the guest of friends.

The basket ball teams of Alexandria High School will go to Fredericksburg tomorrow afternoon where they will engage the teams of the High School of that city that night. A. H. S. is expecting little trouble in removing this obstacle, one of the last between its team and the championship of the district.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniels, of 513 South Washington street, are visiting relatives in Johnstown, Pa.

Mrs. E. H. West, of the Colonial apartments, entertained at dinner Saturday. Among those present were Mr. George Nansell, of Bealton, N. J., Mr. Melvin Sanner, of Bristol, Tenn., Mr. Ward Stewart and family, of Rosemont, and other relatives, of Mrs. West's family.

The Annual Circuit Meet of the G. I. A., will be held with Division 490 in the Odd Fellows' Hall tomorrow, February 21. The meeting will open promptly at 11 a. m. All members are urged to be present as the Grand Vice President, Mrs. Heinerwald will be at the morning session. Mrs. Heinerwald will not attend the afternoon session.

Court 54, Catholic Daughters of America, will hold a meeting this evening in St. Mary's Hall, at 7:30 o'clock. Degrees of the order will be conferred followed by a social session.

Mrs. Maggie Booth who has been quite sick at her home in North Royal street, is able to be out again.

L. Morgan Johnston has sold to G. H. Bussey house and lot 11, section 5, Rosemont. A deed of transfer today was placed on record in the office of the clerk of the court.

The Whatsoever Circle of Grace Church will give an entertainment tomorrow, Tuesday evening, at 118 South Royal street, for the benefit of their cot in the children's ward of the Alexandria Hospital.

The Gazette desires to thank Professor Dorfman and his orchestra for playing the "Song of India," during the performance of the "Lotus Eater" last week. It also compliments him on his sympathetic playing of the Humoresque, which is evidently a favorite with Alexandria audiences.

NEWS IN THE GAZETTE 108 Years Ago

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE

Commercial and Political

FRIDAY, FEB. 18, 1814

ARMISTICE

Amongst the other rumors which have been for some days past in circulation regarding an armistice between the United States and Great Britain, Mr. Monroe is said to declare; that any proposition for such an arrangement, must come from the enemy. So many inconsistent declarations have been ascribed to this gentlemen, however, concerning the cause, progress and end of the war, that if he really made the declaration above stated, we attach no importance to it.

AT RICHMOND

LEGISLATION

House

The House of Delegates convened at 10:10 o'clock yesterday morning with Speaker Brewer in the chair. Prayer was offered by Rev. William S. Golden, pastor of Westminster Presbyterian Church. After Senate communications and reports of House committees were read, the calendar was taken up.

House bill No. 52, with Senate amendments, preventing bathing in the waters of certain portions of Elizabeth River, was passed; vote 57 to 0. When Senate bill No. 12 was reached, covering the same subject, it was dimissed from the calendar.

Seventeen Senate bills on their third reading were passed en bloc as follows: Nos. 63, 106, 227, 70, 115, 242, 192, 193, 194, 125, 174, 191, 214, 228, 262, 264, 265.

Thirty-five House bill on their second reading, all local in their application, were passed en bloc.

House bill No. 67, requiring persons, firms and corporations threshing wheat to keep an accurate record of grain threshold and make reports to the Commissioner of Agriculture, was voted down.

House bill No. 9, for the protection of the girls in the Bon Air home, was passed; vote, 43 to 29.

House bill No. 70 was passed; vote, 62 to 4.

House bill No. 71, providing for death certificates, passed; vote, 57 to 3.

House bills Nos. 84, 85, 86 and 87 were passed; vote 60 to 0.

The House adjourned at 1.20 o'clock until today at 10 o'clock.

Senate

Direct charges that certain Senators were deliberately seeking to break down the enforcement of the prohibition laws were vigorously denied on the floor of the Senate yesterday by Senator C. O'Connor Goolrick, of Fredericksburg, in a scathing denunciation of the attitude taken by Senator W. J. Layman, of Craig, in opposing a pending measure.

RETURN FROM "Y" CONFERENCE

(Continued from Page One.)

governor made the principal address and it was well received by the entire convention. He asked for complete co-operation on the part of the association forces of the state in his ambition for law enforcement and progress throughout all departments of the states activities.

Friday the convention took up state affairs and the program to be carried out by the state committee and the sessions were largely given over to detailed matters. Judge J. K. M. Norton was again elected a member of the state committee to serve three years. Among the important matters decided at the convention was that the state budget for the next three years should be one hundred thousand dollars, and his amount will require the state's indebtedness.

Abe Martin

Bill Hays is th' first American t' retire at th' zenith of his fame since Actress Mary Anderson dropped out o' Pygmalion & Galatea t' git married. Tell Binkley is passin' a petition around t' git Bootlegger Ike Lark out if he gits in.

ENORMOUS CUT IN NAVY BILL FRAMERS' PLAN

(Continued from Page One.)

"An enormous saving can be effected in junking old and worthless ships, especially some of the older cruisers." said Mr. Kelley. "Taken the old Olympia, for example. Last year the cost of her operation was $1,179,000. There is a fine sentimental demand to save her, but she ought to be put some place where there will no no such tax burden. The cold cruiser Brooklyn, commissioned in 1896, cost $790,000 last year, and the Rochester, commissioned in 1893, cost $1,154,000.

"Just go on down the line and you will find other old hulks costing millions of dollars that are not worth a tinker's dam for defense purposes. Those old craft, with small guns are back numbers; they can serve no useful training purpose. We have got to tie them up."

MOTHER! OPEN CHILD'S BOWELS WITH CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP

Your little one will love the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup" even if constipated, bilious, irritable, feverish, or full of cold. A teaspoonful never fails to cleanse the liver and bowels. In a few hours you can see for yourself how thoroughly it works all the sour bile, and undigested food out of the bowels and you have a well playful child again.

Millions of mothers keep "California Fig syrup" handy. They know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on the bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of my dear wife and mother, ELLEN LYONS, who died five years ago today, February 20th, 1917.

Farewell dear but not forever
There will be a glorious dawn,
We shall meet to part, no never,
On the resurrection morn.
Though thy darling form lies sleeping
In the cold and silent tomb,
Thou shalt have a gloriuos wakening
When the blessed Lord doth come.

By her devoted husband and daughter

It's lonesome here grandmother dear,
Since your voice we do not hear,
Oh how we miss your smiling face,
Pride and love of grace.
It's only a little test my dear,
For the heavenly Father knew best.

43-1p. By her loving grandchildren.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving remembrance of my dear wife, SARAH JANE LANGLEY, who departed this life four years ago today, February 20, 1918.

God has called my darling wife,
Took the one we loved so dear,
To fill her place there is no other,
Yet I know she done her share.

43-1p. Her devoted Husband.

CURES COLDS — LA GRIPPE in the 24 Hours — in 3 Days

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE

STANDARD remedy world over. Genuine red box bearing Mr. Hill's portrait and signature. At All Druggists—30 Cents. W. H. HILL COMPANY, DETROIT

PLANS FOR TEMPLE GONE OVER TODAY

of invitation. This has been found necessary to conserve space, as it is believed the lodge will be taxed to its utmost capacity to accommodate the official representatives.

As heretofore stated in The Gazette, the proposed temple will cost $1,500,000. The landscape gardening will cost about $400,000, and there will be an endowment fund raised of about $500,000.

Andrew L. Randell, P. G. M. of Texas.

Alexandria-Washington Lodge will be closed to the public on February 21 and 22 and no one will be allowed to

One of the most important matters aside from adopting the plan will be the question of raising the remainder of the money for the Temple. As heretofore stated, work on the Temple will be started this year.

Inquire about our deferred payment plan

FEBRUARY FURNITURE SALE

Established 1861

W. B. Moses & Sons

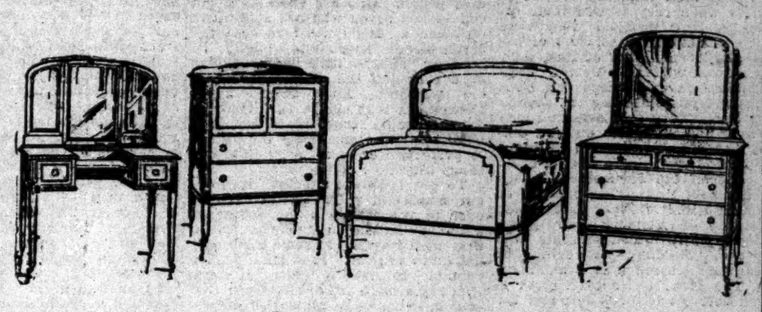
Furniture Carpets — F and Eleventh Streets — Linens Upholstery

FEBRUARY FURNITURE SALE

February Furniture Sale

The selections are excellent. The prices far below regular; in fact, an opportunity that should be taken advantage of at once.

Reductions of 10 to 33% Below Regular



This Four-piece Modern Designed Bedroom Suite can be had in American Walnut. Suite consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Toilet Table and Bow-end Bed. February Sale Price..... $212.50

Sold separately if desired—Dresser, $57.00; Chifforobe, $53.50; Toilet Table, $49.50; Full-size Bed, $52.50.

Wool-Cott Mattress

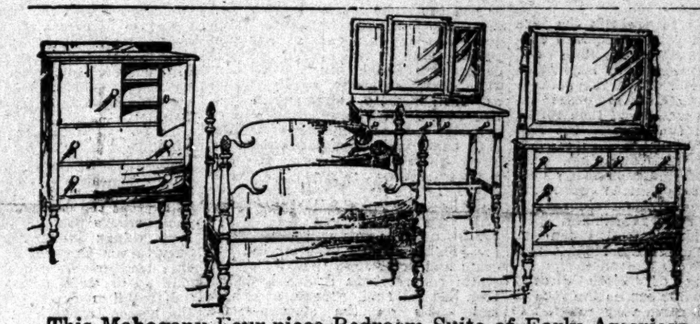
Briefly, the advantages are: One side is of wool, making a warm sleeping surface for the winter months, and the other is of layer felt, making a cool sleeping surface for the summer months.

It also has ventilators in the sides to allow fresh air to pass in and out, which keeps your mattress fresh and fluffy.

Price for double size, $26.00

Price for single size, $23.00

May we have the pleasure of explaining in further detail the Wool-Cott Mattress?



This Mahogany Four-piece Bedroom Suite of Early American design. Suite consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Toilet Table and Four-poster Bed. Bed has rail across footboard, instead of panel as shown. February Sale Price of Four-piece Suite..... $258.50

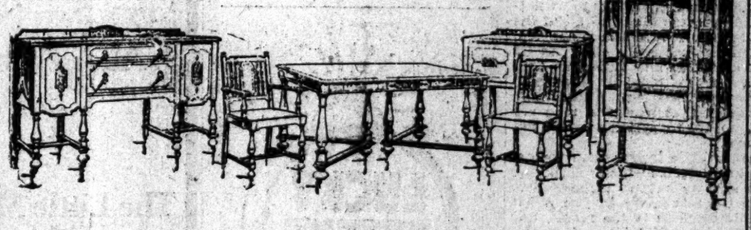
Dresser, $81.50; Chifforobe, $69.50; Toilet Table, $63.00; Full or Twin Size Four-poster Bed, $44.50; Vanity Dresser to match, $119.00.

Persian Rugs

An especially attractive lot of Rugs is about 75 fine Mosuls from 3½x6 feet to 4x6½ feet; many of them worth as high as $95.00, and all at the special February price, $68.00.

Medium quality Mosuls in very pleasing coloring and attractive design; the average size 3x6 feet. Special February price, $48.00, $55.00 and $60.00.

Fine Dozars, $95.00 to $160.00



This Ten (10) piece Special Walnut Dining Room Suite, Italian design—suite consists of Buffet, 66 inches long; Oblong Dining Table, size 48x60 inches, extends to 8 feet; China Case, Closed-in Serving Table, five Side Chairs and Armchair to match. Chairs upholstered in blue leather. This Suite is sold complete only. February Sale Price of Suite..... $450.00

Drapery Dept.

Fiber-Silk Drapery, 50 inches wide, wide cross stripe design in combination colorings of Rose and Blue, Black and Gold, and Blue and Black.

Regularly, $2.50; Special, $1.25 yard.

Drapery Net, 36 inches wide, filet weave, small figure patterns; White and Ivory.

Regularly, 45c and 50c; Special, 29c yard.

Regularly, 60c and 75c; Special, 45c yard.

Regularly, 85c and $1.00; Special, 69c yard.

The Linen Shop

100 dozen Fine Madeira Hand Scalloped edge, hand corner embroidered and eyelet work Pure Linen Napkins; 13x13 inches. Values to $12.50, for $7.85 dozen.

100 Madeira Hand Scalloped Edge hand embroidered Pure Linen Scarfs — Sizes: 18x36, 18x45, 18x54, 18x63 and 18x72. Values to $12.00, for $6.00 each.

The Business Furniture Department

offers during the February Furniture Sale many features of office furniture at greatly reduced prices

Quartered Oak Office Tables in the Following Sizes

42-inch, Special February Sale Price, $25.00
50-inch, Special February Sale Price, $30.00
54-inch, Special February Sale Price, $31.50
60-inch, Special February Sale Price, $33.00
72-inch, Special February Sale Price, $42.50

Mah. Fin. Four-Drawer Letter File, Special February Sale Price, $18.75.

Quartered Oak 60-inch Flat Top Desk, Special February Sale Price, $50.

Inquire About Our Deferred Payment Plan

Rheumatism at 60

How glorious you will feel, mother, when your rheumatism is all gone. Let S. S. S. do it. It will build you up, too!

S. S. S. Thoroughly Rids the Body of Rheumatism Impurities.

Somebody's mother is suffering tonight! The scourge of rheumatism has wrecked her body; limping and suffering, bent forward, she sees but the common ground, but her aged heart still belongs to the stars! Does anybody care? S. S. S. is one of the greatest blood-purifiers known, and it helps build more blood cells. Its medicinal ingredients are purely vegetable. It never disarranges the stomach. It is, in fact, a splendid tonic, a blood maker, a blood enricher. It banishes rheumatism from joints, muscles and the entire body. It builds firm flesh. It is what somebody's mother needs tonight! Mother, if you can not go out to get a bottle of S. S. S. yourself, surely somebody in your family will. Somebody, get a bottle of S. S. S. now! Let somebody's mother begin to feel joyful again tonight. Maybe, maybe it's your mother! S. S. S. is sold at all drug stores, in two sizes. The larger size is the more economical.

INTERESTING LECTURE ON MAKING CLOTHES

Industry Ranks Seventh in Importance

One of Foremost Firms in U. S., Explains Steps in Process, Origin of Raw Materials, and Gives Data at First-Hand

At first glance clothing might seem to be a rather dry and uninteresting subject After being in the clothing business for quite a few years, however, we don't find it so. We want to try to make it plain to you how many different angles of research there are if one starts to give close consideration or analysis to a suit of fine clothing; a so-called every day business suit such as we all wear most often.

The historical aspect of our present clothing or the development leading up to our present clothing is an interesting subject in itself.

Not much more than a hundred years ago, there was no such thing as ready-made clothing, as we now know it In colonial, revolutionary and early constitutional times in our country, the gentlemen wore brocades and laces and frills and the garments were, for the most part, made by London tailors.

The common people wore clothes made at home Many were of skins but nearly every household had its spinning-wheel; the women folks spun the yarn and they either wove the cloth or had it woven at some local weaver's. They cut, trimmed, and made the clothes, such as they were.

It is interesting to think of the old-fashioned American housewife as combining into one process all the work now covered by such great industries as spinning, weaving, and tailoring There is no better illustration of the growth of our country and the development of our industry than this one thing.

The first real business in ready-made clothing was the sale of second-hand clothes. The American gentlemen of the first class, when he had finished with his fine garments, disposed of them to the second-hand man, and he, in turn, distributed them among the men of lesser means who felt they must wear gentlemen's clothing. Therefore, this distribution of second-hand goods might be termed the beginning of the ready-made clothing industry

There was no rapid development in the business until about the time of the Civil War. Prior to that time, men begun to go into the business of manufacturing clothing and there was probably a considerable number engaged in it, although there are no statistics available on that point. The clothes were all designed the same way. The cloth was heavy and unwieldly, except some of the finer broadcloths, and the colorings were far from the beautiful effects that exist today.

Great stimulus was given to the ready-made clothing idea at the time of the Civil War. It became necessary then to produce uniforms in large quantities. There were hundreds of thousands of men who had to be clothed quickly and the necessities of the situation brought a realization of what could be done in the production of clothes for men.

What the war did was simply to show the possibility of ready-to-wear garments, and the case of producing them in great volume. It was not until within the experience of many of you that style was introduced, and the business gradually developed on a scientific and artistic basis.

The manufacturing clothier did two great things for the industry He studied style until ready-made clothing sets the pace for fashion. He also learned to classify the human figure into groups, and has expanded the number of groups until it is only a deformed man who cannot be fitted.

Furthermore, the manufacturing clothier has become an artist, and he engages artists in his business. Few people realize the extent to which the genius of an artist must put into clothes. In the first place, only a n artist can design them successfully, because he must be versed in the effects of lines and in expression. A garment that does not show individuality would not last for a minute in the present-day competition. Everything must be rightly proportioned, and, in the manufacturing of high-grade clothing, each garment must be a harmonious whole before it can be offered to the public.

This application of the artist's feelings does not stop with merely getting the right lines into a garment or the right touches into the lapel or sleeves. It extends, for example, to the buttons. It takes some thing more than ordinary, every-day talent to place the right kind of buttons on a sack coat or an overcoat. The colorings, the shade, the general effect, all require the eye of the artist. The same is true of linings. It must be a durable lining, but it must also be of a character that will adopt itself to the garment; it must be correct in shade, and the man who applies the linings to the various garments must have this genius for obtaining harmonious effects.

Keeping in mind the colonial housewife who did all thhe work, it is interesting to look at the figures showing the magnitude of the clothing business of today. Figures gathered by the United States Census Bureau show that the men's clothing industry ranks seventh among the great industries of the United States. The only industries which exceed clothing are those which relate to food and construction, meaning machine shops, foundries, steel and iron works.

This is as briefly as it could be sketched a broad general history of the development of the industry as a whole. The things which brought about today's situation whereby many of us can walk into a good clothing store and in a half hour, at teh most, walk out again with an entirely new suit of really fine clothing, properly fitted, and properly made. More than that the growth of an industry naturally means the growth of the various individual organizations in that industry and with their increased size there develops naturally an increased responsibility. We know of one concern in particular, that is truly representative

We sell their clothing. We know the house itself, and we have in its product perfect confidence from a standpoint of its ability to give service to any any man who wants it, and of its value. We say its value because they have reached a point of specialization and of volume which permits them to buy their various raw materials on a rock-bottom basis because of the tremendous amounts they can consume, and this same volume applied to their other operations makes it impossible for them to put the best of everything into their product on an amazingly slender margin for the individual unit. That aimply means that we can buy a better grade of clothing most advantageously from them and so we will pass along to you this same advantage.

For example, their clothing is guaranteed to satisfy you, the wearer. Suppose you bought one of the suits and got wet in a rainstorm, and the suit shrunk, you certainly would be dissatisfied—at least if you are any think like us you would. Because they guarantee you satisfaction they have to make sure that your suit won't shrink if you get it wet, and because of their immense volume of business when they turned their attention to this problem they were able to command the services of experts, and as a matter of fact, their investigation wound up by the complete invention of a brand new form of machineryfor handling the shrinking process. They still own and control the patent rights on that machine and their fabrics are scientifically shrunk by the mile instead of by the yard as the old-fashioned shop would handle them. The method of shrinking itself is very interesting.

Instead of running the goods through water, which presents the danger of "bleeding," or running of colors, they are rolled in a wet blanket The blanket for each cloth is passed through clean water, and the cloth is then rolled in the blanket and left on a rack long enough to absorb the water out of the blanket, so that every particle of the fabric is penetrated with moisture. If there is the slightest defect in the color, it immediately shows on the blanket; it might otherwise remain undetected. This method of shrinkage is an absolute safeguard both as to the thoroughness of shrinkage and the fastness of the colors.

The system also protects the face of the cloth from coming into contact with the back of the cloth and thus guards against any impression being transferred from the back to the face. Where cloth is passed directly through water and then rolled, the contact of the back to the face at the time when the face of the cloth is very impressionable, cannot be avoided. Goods made with a backing of heavy yarn are certain to leave an impression on the face of the cloth when the face is not protected, and this protection can be provided only under the blanket system.

The passing of cloth directly through the water causes the face of the cloth to become very rough The absorption of the water raises up the nap, and gives the fabric a coarse and unfinished appearance. A natural system of drying is so produced by taking air directly from out of doors. It is passed through the dry rooms at the rate of 42,000 cubic feet per minute; and is thoroughly sterilized, assuring clean and healthy drying conditions

Their system provides for absolutely correct shrinking of the cloth, and enables them to guarantee against any future shrinkage whatever. The process takes up all of the shrink, both in length and width, and also further leaves the cloth in its natural condition and finish, so that it requires no artificial finish such as further pressing or refinishing. Even haircloth, canvas, and tape are shrunk, so that garments will not lose shape.

It took a little longer than we expected to describe that shrinking process and we haven't attempted to describe the machinery to you. What we're interested in is the result, and the point of especial interest to you and to m us is that again, owing to the immense volume of their operations, they can provide this elaborate machinery, the labor necessary to operate it and do it all at a cost per suit almost too small to figure. In other words, it gives us an immense degree of security in the clothing we buy without adding proportionately to its cost as compared with what it would have to be if the same care and the same operations were used on a small local scale.

As we remarked, everything in the garment is shrunk before it's used; the material in the waist band of your trousers, the hair cloth and canvas which help to form your coat and which you never see, the tape inside the edges of your coat which is there to help keep the coat in shape and prevent the woolen material from sagging and wrinkling unduly—all of these things are shrunk even before they are used at all so that the makers know they are going to function properly. Even before they have shrunk these things they get the best obtainable. An ounce difference in the weight of the linn canvas they use would make a proportionate difference in the weight of the linen canvas they use would make a proportionate difference in price; on a year's purchase for a house of that size it would represent a very great sum of money.

The same thing is true of the tape, and the hair cloth What we're getting at is that on the numerous things which make or break a garment value can be skimped and the retail price to you brought down a little but, but you sacrifice many times the difference in the value you get or rather the value you dont get. A very great portion of these things are imported because their laboratory tests have shown them that certain things for definite purposes they can find in some foreign place which are exactly what they require. You may feel as you listen that these things add to the cost of the clothing—they do, no doubt about it, but on the same principle that you buy conservative bonds for investment these people buy the finest grade of material for their clothin. It gives the most in yield and safety in the long run, it gives you more for each dollar of price.

We look into the shops for a moment where the clothing is made or put together we find the same specialization, the same laboratory exactitude. Instead of having a group of operatives do say three or four things acceptably well, they have developed groups of operatives who do only one thing extraordinarily well. For instance, in making a plain sack coat such as most of you men wear, this house employs eighty-one different people in thir shops and that's after everything is cut and ready to be put together. There are sixty-one people or operations in putting together a pair of trousers and there are thirty-nine operations or people in making or putting together a vest. That makes a hundred and eighty-one operatives exclusive of the cutters and exclusive of the indirect labor such as inspectors and supervisors who have a hand in making a three piece sack suit. That item is important in considering value and price and quality for the simple reason that each one of these 181 is an expert at that one particular thing. There are nine people who are specialists on collars and seven who are specialists on sleeves. It's quite true that the seven sleeve specialists might be hopeless "dubs" on the body or collar of a coat and the nine collar makers wouldn't know much about sleeves but that makes no difference for the simple reason that they don't have to. The one thing they know to perfection and that means the one thing they do is done right.

To get back to a point we keep our mind and we're trying to put over to you which is the difference between making a garment in a first-class way and in some other way not quite so good. It is possible, for example, to take a piece of cloth, let's say a piece of overcoating. Of course, it has to be all wool, it has to have definite tensol strength, to have a definite number of threads, to an inch, and of course the count varies on the different kinds of cloth. You'd expect to find more in a serge than in a homespun like for instance the average golf suit. As we said let's assume for example a piece of ovrcoating. It is possible for one house to produce an overcoat of that material and for some other house to use the same identical goods nad produce a similar overcoat. We mean similar in a general way, and yet be able to sell it for several dollars less Remember it's the same piece of woolen goods. Before we go any further, we ought to say in justice to the first house—the quality organization—as a matter of ability, they could make the garment at a lower difference between the two coats when they are ready for you to wear. Let's say it was a coat we could offer you for $55.00 and some body else offered you one for sav $42.50 or if he was a good merchant for $40.25. You'd look at the two coats and you'd see they both had storm collars, both double breasted, both had belts all around, and both had cuffs on the sleeves—you'd probably ask us right off, "How comes the difference in price? In what way is one better than the othr." Then we'd be very glad to point out a few things to you like this: The first coat was lined across the shoulders and and in the sleeve with a good heavy grade of silk; the other coat has abslutely no lining, not even in the sleeves. The good one is put together with plain unobtrusive seams and the inside of the seams is finished offor 'piped' as we call it with the same silk—it makes the lining look nice, it feels nice, and it wears nice. The other coat has a different type of seam in which part of it is turned under and sewed down This gives a railroad track effect on the outside of the coat down the back instead of an attractive high-grade looking joining of the cloth The wide double seam is perfectly all right if you like it, there are some styles of even the finest clothing that feature that but it's no secret that it's the least cosly way to finish the coat. Just suppose we look for a minute at the button-holes. The coat they are hand worked, the other other ones are machine made. "You might not see much difference while the coats are new but after you'd worn them a while if you had the hand button-holes you'd smile over it and if you didn't you'd kick about it.

Next we might utrn up the collar of the coat, storm collar as we said, one that would naturally be turned up in a storm. The higher priced coat on the under side has a high grade piece of under collar cloth; it's smoothly applied by hand, no rough edges, on unsightliness. The other coat nine times out of ten has a noticeably cheap piece of under-collar cloth with a ragged edge both in the back. Of course, we know that when the collar is turned down in the ordinary way it doesn't show but we're talking about a storm collar, that's meant to be turned up. Suppose we examine the pockets of the coat In one you will find the flap is faced with silk just like the lining; on the other coat you will probably find sateen. It's all right while it's new but as we said before it can't be expected to remain new. You buy the coat to wear and use. If we take the front of the coat, the front edges of it from the lapel all the way down to the bottom. This again is a somwhat technical point but we think we can make ourselves reasonably clear of it. The good coat is constructed in such a way that the edge is perfectly smooth. There's no seam and no stitching down the front. You'd probably call it "class," I mean the appearance of it, a sort of aristocratic look. The other coat will have a seam of maching stitching all the way down. From a standpoint of utility that doesn't make much difference but it isn't fine clothing and no man who gives a thought to his personal appearance would fail to be affected by the differenc even though he wouldn't know enough about the technical end of it to know just what there was about it to cause the difference; he would like the one and not particularly like the other

We have occasionally run across a man who said that as far as he could see that didn't affect the main feature of the overcoat which was to keep you warm. The only answer we could make to that was, "so would a Navajo blanket keep us warm but most of us prefer civilized clothing to Navajo blankets" and for exactly the same reason and for the same line of logic most of us prefer to feel that our clothing is right rather than just makeshift.

To go back to our coats; there might be a difference in the buttons. That's a minor consideration of course which would have something to do with your acceptance or rejection of a coat that was submitted to you for your personal selection, but from a cost standpoint one set of buttons wouldn't make much differ ence by themselves but they help to mak up the total.

Naturally a good house doesn't use the best of everything else on their garments and then use cheap buttons Their buttons have to come up to scratch just like everything else they use. Speaking of buttons, by the way, we wonder how many of you have any sort of idea where we get the buttons on most of our cloths? We found that many of the very best buttons were made of buffalo horn. It is transparent or practically transparent substance; it's hard, takes a fine poliah and because of its transparency it partakes of the color of the cloth against which it is sewed which makes for a harmony in shading, in other words, does its little bit toward the quality appearance of the garment. Then another kind of button such as the ones on your vest and trousers, the sleeves, to your coat frequently, and so on, originally grew on trees. We mean that literally, only they didn't grow like buttons, of course. They are made of a peculiar nut which is commercially called "vegetable ivory." It grows in the tropics and as it ripens it becomes very hard. The transformation process very briefly is to gather the nuts as they drop from the trees, to continue their exposure to the sun and weather which further hardens them and the shell is removed. Incidentally, you couldn't cut it with any steel saw in any machine shop in America. They break it off with a hammer; it's as brittle as it's hard. Then the kernel or moat of the nut which is very much like ivory in appearance and every bit as hard as ivory is cut out and into pieces by a band saw. The cutting leaves in a lathe and bored for the thread, dyed the desired color, finished off by polishing, etc., into buttons. Incidentally, about fifty nuts on the average are cut up to get one piece big enough for the large overcoat buttons. There's a lot more interesting about this buttons growing on trees idea but we don't want to take your time to go into it

We have been asked why we have to buy foreign wool before we use up all our own wool in America We have been asked why we can only use a little less than half of our own wool for making good clothing. Regarding the latter part of it, we'd like to point out that the samo proportion is generally found. We don't know of any wool producing district where all the wool goes into clothing, there's bound to be a pretty steadily established proportion not suitable for clothing of the finer grade; some of it perhaps acceptable for the cheaper grades of clothing, then there is some that cannot go into clothing at all—carpet wools and the like. The kind of sheep producing the wool has something to do with it, the nature of the climate, and the different articles of food for the flocks in different parts of the country, all have an influence on it. We are told that a good or bad season such as particularly dry year also has a noticeable effect. We have been asked, too, why it is so hard to sell wool right now here in Texas for example. We don't pretend to be on the drawing marketing and financing of raw wool by any means but it seems to us that if we remember that about the first thing the government did after we got into war was to take control of the woolen production entirely, we can see why the markets would be upset. They were used for army and navy clothing and blankets—the consumption of the other grades of wool wasn't nearly so high Then after the war we had a housing shortage. This affected many lines of business. People have not been building or furnishing homes, or apartments or places to live as they did before the war and wool has not ben used in the manufacturing of carpet, tapestries, furniture, and all that sort of thing Please don't understand us to give you that as an absolutely authoritative statement—I don't pretend it is anything of the sort; it is merely our analysis of it and we are giving it to you for what ever you might consider it worth.

The above very interesting lecture was delivered in Chicago by one of the firm of Hart, Schaffner and Marx, and shows the complete mastery of the art of clothes making attained by that firm. Carlyle's "Sartor Resartus," first brought him fame, and is a treatise on the proposition that the chief distinction of man in the animal world is that he is a clothes-wearing animal.

This enormous industry in our own country, ranking seventh in the industrial field, has grown, as the lecturer states into one of the fine arts. The lecture displays an immense amount of technical learning and careful resarch.

Messrs. Downham and Ridgely are the sole agents in Alexandria of Hart Schaffner and Marx, and will be glad to give a practical demonstration of the points brought out in the foregoing lecture.

I Have Gained 20 Pounds and Feel Like a Brand New Man Since Taking

TANLAC

says Edward Perry, of 1010 Barnett St., Syracuse, N. Y. Many thousands have been benefited as Mr. Perry was. Tanlac can help you.

Do not hesitate. If you feel the need of something to build you up and make you feel fine, ask your druggist today for Tanlac. At all good druggists.

YOUNG MOTHER NOW STRONG

Her Mother's Faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Led Her To Try It

Kenosha, Wisconsin.—"I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My mother had great faith in it as she had taken so much of it and when I had trouble after my baby was born she gave it to me. It helped me so much more than anything else had done that I advise all women with female trouble to give it a fair trial and I am sure they will feel as I do about it.—Mrs. FRED. P. HANSEN, 562 Symmonds St., Kenosha, Wisconsin.

A medicine that has been in use nearly fifty years and that receives the praise and commendation of mothers and grandmothers is worth your consideration.

If you are suffering from troubles that sometimes follow child-birth bear in mind that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a woman's medicine. It is especially adapted to correct such troubles.

The letters we publish ought to convince you; ask some of your women friends or neighbors — they know its worth. You will, too, if you give it a fair trial.

Idle Hour

Today

Jack Perrin
Both Barrels
A Real Western
Winners of the West
No. 14
2 reel comedy
Straphangers
FOX NEWS
TOMORROW
"WITCHING HOUR"
Directed by the Late
William Desmond Taylor

Try Acton

if you want the right kind of watch and jewelry repairing done at the right price.

606 KING ST.

QUALITY SERVICE

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W. A. SMOOT & CO., Inc.

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Alice Calhoun

in

The Little Minister

Usual Added Attractions and Orchestra Music Each Evening.

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TODAY

HOOT GIBSON
—In—
"The Fire Eater"
With
"Invisable Ray" Serial
TOMORROW
CONWAY TEARLE
—In—
"The Man of Stone"
With
Good Single Reel Comedy

Time to get up—if you want your breakfast, and your train!

A lucky strike for you this morning.

LUCKY STRIKE!

When we discovered the toasting process six years ago, it was a Lucky Strike for us.

Why? Because now millions of smokers prefer the special flavor of the Lucky Strike Cigarette — because

It's Toasted*

*—which seals in the delicious Burley flavor

And also because it's

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.

?

What Does it Cost to STOP Advertising?

You remember James Pyle's PEARLINE. It had been advertised regularly from 1873 to 1907.

Then the trustees of the estate saw a brilliant chance to save money. They cut out the advertising.

Sales dropped—profits went where soapsuds go. In 1914 Pearline tried to come back. But it was too late. The business was sold at a price which is said to have covered barely the value of the machinery and inventory.

A business will grow as long as it advertises.

A sales force will thrive as long as it TRIES

How much will **THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE** readers spend in your store?

Doesn't the answer to that question depend upon you?

For Best Results Use

GAZETTE

Classified Columns

WANTED

WOMEN—$1.00 PER HOUR, SELLING silk hosiery. No delivering, no collecting. Work whenever you can. No experience necessary. Fidelity Hosiery Co., 111 W. 42nd St., New York City. 43-1p

WANTED—TO HEAR FROM OWNER having farm or unimproved land for sale. John J. Black, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin. 42 and 43-2p

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO CLEANing. Apply at Monticello Hotel, 807 King Street. 43-1c.

HOUSEKEEPER, EXPERIENCED. HOtels, boarding houses, desires position. Mrs. Barry, 1722 13th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. 43-4p.

WANTED—SALESMEN TO GIVE HIS undivided time to the sale of Ford automobiles, on a liberal commission basis. Applicant that can furnish his own demonstrator, and a resident of Alexandria, will be given the preference. Apply to M. A. Bayles of the Remschel Motor Company, 121 N. Fairfax Street. 41-3c

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURNished rooms for light housekeeping, or one room and kitchenette. Rent reasonable. Address Rooms care Gazette. 40-tf

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD for gentleman. Please give location and price. No objection to good price. Address Box 50 care Gazette Office. 41-3c

POSITION WANTED—WHITE GIRL, 15 years old. General housework. can furnish Reference. Phone 414. 42-2p.

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, on third floor, furnished; private bath h. w. h. with coninuous hot water, electric lights. For one or two gentlemen. Apply 419 Prince Street. 43-3p

FOR RENT—PARTIALLY FURNISHed apartment containing three rooms, kitchenette and bath, and use of large porch. Apply 504 Duke St. 42-2t

FOR RENT — ONE ROOM SUITABLE for two gentlemen; southern exposure. Apply at 1415 King St. 42-2p

FOR RENT—SINGLE ROOM, NICELY furnished, hot water heat and electric lights, next to bath, private family, ladies prefered. Apply 204 N. Washington St. Apt. b, Alexandria, Va. 42-2p

FOR RENT—KING STREET APARTment, 4 rooms and bath. Apply Richard L. Ruffner, 518 King. Phone 1091. 22—tf.

FOR RENT—CHOICE APARTMENT, furnished or unfurnished, 603 Queen Street. Apply: Mrs. Wells, 603 Queen Street, 1st floor. 18—tf.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED 5 ROOM and bath, detached Pebble Dash house h. w. h., gas electricity, hardwood floors, one block North Rosemont station. W. H. Clark, 21 E. Maple St. North Rosemont, Va. 40-4p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—GERMAN-HARTZ IMT. canaries. Apply 721 Queen Street. 43-1p.

FOR SALE—CANARY BIRDS. APPLY 721 Queen Street. 43-1p.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ONE BABY CARriage and one lullaby. Call at 315 S. Pitt Street. 3t-43-3p.

FOR SALE—DODGE TOURING, EXcellent running condition. Recently overhauled, excellent oversize cord tires. 4 extra tires, $350, Phone 724-W 41-4p

MISCELLANEOUS

WALL PAPER—12 1-2C PER ROLL. Have us do your paper-hanging. Thos. C. Rawlett, 113 Fairfax Street. 43-2p.

NOTICE—OWING TO THE AMOUNT of wood on hand I have reduced the price to $10 a cord, or $2.50 a quarter cord. H. M. Struder, 215 Gibbon. St. phone 1023-W 42-6p

WHAT SHALL I DO WITH THEM?

Give them away—throw them away—sell them to old shoe dealers? Not a bit of it, dear lady. Bring them here and watch us transform those old, dilapidated, shapeless, apparently useless shoes into the finest looking footwear you ever saw. Don't believe we can do it? It will cost you nothing if we don't prove it to you.

Ideal Shoe Repairing Co.

1201 King Street

CITY COUNCIL OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, BUILDING, PLUMBING, ELECTRICAL HEATING AND VENTILATION

Alex., Va., Feb. 7, 1922.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office, Room 8, City Hall, until 4 o'clock p. m., February 25, 1922, for constructing a 17 room school building on the High School lot facing West Street, as per drawings nad specifications now on file in the office of the City Engineer of the City of Alexandria. Specifications and forms of proposal may be obtained at Room 8, City Hall. The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

Edmund F. Ticer,
Chairman Committee on Finance.
s o d to Feb. 23.

DIVORCE DATA COMPLETE REVEALS TRUE CONDITIONS

(Continued from page one)

Christine Noltze, Edith Mumford, and L. A. Osthoff.

Record Tampering Suggested

Judg Barley stated it had been reported to him that the records in some cases were missing, and if it was found that any records of the court had been destroyed, he said that there should be a most careful investigation made. Mr Caton stated that in the cases examined by him the records were missing in 24 cases; of those examined by Mr. Smith, 13 records were missing, and of those examined by Mr. Carlin, 2 were missing.

Judge Barley then introduced a resolution to the effect that Messrs. Caton, Smith and Carlin be reappointed a committee to investigate the missing records, to ascertain what disposition had been made of them, and to obtain from the clerk of the court the names of the attorneys to whom the papers were charged, and what report those persons had made as to where the papers now are.

Condition Known to Judge

In discussing the number of persons claiming residence with Mrs. Baggett. Judge Norton stated that he had heard it said that six or eight months ago Judge Moncure's attention had been called to this condition, and that two reputable citizens had gone to see him about it. Judge Moncure is said to have told them that he would look into it In this connection, Mr. Caton asked to have the following statement inserted in the record:

"More than eight months ago certain persons came to our office on two successive days and wanted us to secure divorces for them.

Asked if they were residents of Alexandria, they said they were not. They have never lived in Alexandria.

"When told they could not secure divorces, they were easily secured from Mrs. Mary L. Baggett affidavits as to the required residence there.

"I refused to take the cases and went directly to Judge Moncure and told him of false affidavits being used to secure divorce decrees in his court.

"He told me he knew Mrs. Bagett and that she was a widow and adbe. Leave it to me. I'll see Mrs. be, Leave it to me. I'll see Mrs. Baggett myself."

A few days later Judge Moncure met me on the street and said he had talked the matter over with Mrs. Baggett and she promised she would not testify as to persons having residence at her home unless they were bona fide cases."

Procedure At Hearing

Upon motion by Judge Barley it was agreed that the procedure to be followed in examining witnesses shall be for the chairman to conduct the examination, followed by questions from any member of the committee. Upon objection being made to any question, the committee is to determine its propriety. After the members of the committee have concluded their examination the attorney for the witness, if any, may proceed with further examination.

The committee then adjourned to meet Thursday, February 23, at 10 a. m., in the corporation courtrom, at which time and place the entire bar of the city has been specially invited to attend.

named stars were as follows: Mrs. Baggett, 115; Mrs. Bensil, 21; Robert Luckett, 21; Mollie Sue Lowe 10; Frances Ballenger, 9.

Lesser Lights

In addition to the stars, the report showed the followinfg constellation of lesser luminaries: Esther Summers, in 6 cases; Sarah Wells in 5, Dorothy Highway in 6, Belle H. Williams in 6, Sarah Green in 7, Cecilia Cole in 5, Mary Mtchell in 5, Laura Washington in 7, including her own; Mary A. Smith in 7, Susie Holmes in 6, Bessie Conner in 5, and Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Vanve, between them, appeared 5 times.

Other Resident Witnesses

Witnesses who appeared two or more times are as follows: Inez E. Jenkins, Edna Aitcheson, Courtney Acton, Joseph M. Armstrong, Mrs. Grace Paff, W. H. Travers, Julia Travers, Anna Deahl, A S. Doniphan, Mary E. Bowling, William L. Rammel, Thomas E. Arrington, Mrs. C. K. Costello, Helen K. Fix, Esther Green, Beatrice Green, Hattie Green, Mattie Brown, Cora B. Wooster, Ida V. Oehlert, Agnes Beach, Lizzie Birrell, Richard T. Brown, Sarah Osborne, C. B. Jewell, Cecilia Lucas, Hattie Parker, Mamie Parker, James Jones, Robert Poindexter, J. W. Lambert, Ellen Minor, D. T. Lunsford,

Marked Money Used

Results in Arrest of Two For Violating Prohibition Law

Two men registered on the police blotter as Tinie Criger and Oscar Bidsaul were held in the police court today for the action of the grand jury on a chargeof violating the provisions of the state prohibition law. Their bond was fixed at $500 each. The men were asserted Saturday night by Sergeant Campbell and Policemen Magner and Lawrence Padgett.

Policeman Magner testified that he loaned a colored man the sum of $12 and he went to a house on St. Asaph street south of King street and purchased half a gallon of what is alleged to be corn liquor. There were two colored men in the party. One testified that he got the whiskey from Bidsaul and paid the money to Criger. The accused were represented by Attorney W. S. Snow. The money, it was testified, was marked and written on two five dollar bills was the name of Policeman Magner. The numbers of the bills also had been kept by the police. The money was recovered by the police and offered as evidence. The price paid for the half gallon, it was testified, was $12.

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38-26c

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WOLFSON'S TAILOR SHOP

310 King Street

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formerly of 411 King Street temporary located at 132 North Royal Street.

37-tf.

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AERO AUTO CO., Inc.

1101 King Street

Alex, Va. Phone 820

Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R.

South		North
	New York-Jacksonville	
3:32 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	11:30 p. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
7:57 a. m.	(Local)	11:47 a. m.
	New York-Atlanta-Jacksonville	
9:12 a. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:30 p. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:47 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	6:11 a. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
k10:20 a. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
12:02 p. m.	(Express)	2:16 p. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
z3:07 p. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	New York-Augusta-Florida	
3:32 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	12:05 p. m.
	Washington-Atlanta-Birmingham	
5:17 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	11:55 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
5:27 p. m.	(Local)	*5:52 p. m.
	New York-Columbia	
8:12 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	7:18 a. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:57 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	8:15 a. m.
	New York-Tampa-St. Petersburg	
10:02 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:38 a. m.

(k)—Sundays only.
(z)—Week days only.
(*)—Week days. On Sundays 8:17 p. m.

S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va., J. B. Mordecai, Traffic Manager, Richmond, Va.

Southern Railway System

South.		North.
8:27 a.m.	Memphis Special	12:13 a.m.
*8:37 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	8:43 p.m.
7:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Local)	3:18 p.m.
8:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Express)	.....
9:17 a.m.	New York-New Orleans	10:43 p.m.
9:22 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	9:13 p.m.
3:41 p.m.	Birmingham Special	12:18 p.m.
4:12 p.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	11:05 a.m.
4:22 p.m.	Washington-Charlottesville (Local)	10:58 a.m.
5:22 p.m.	Washington-Warrenton (Local)	7:55 a.m.
7:17 p.m.	N. Y.-Augusta-Asheville	7:13 a.m.
10:07 p.m.	Washington-Atlanta	7:25 a.m.
10:17 p.m.	Chattanooga Limited	7:28 a.m.
11:12 p.m.	New York-New Orleans (Limited)	8:23 a.m.

*Daily except Sundays.
S. D. Shelton, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.
S. E. Burgess, Div. Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON-VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Winter schedule of trains between Washington, Alexandria and Mt. Vernon, effective 1:00 A. M., December 1, 1921. Daily except Sunday and holidays.

Leave Washington for Alexandria, Mt. Vernon and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:00, 6:15*, 6:35, 6:50, 7:05, 7:10, 7:15*, 7:20, 7:35, 7:55, 7:23, 7:30, 7:40, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:15*, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00*, 9:15, 9:30*, 9:45, 10:00*, 10:15, 10:30*, 10:45, 11:00*, 11:15, 11:30*, 11:45, 12:00* noon, P. M., 12:15, 12:30*, 12:45, 1:00*, 1:15, 1:30*, 1:45, 2:00*, 2:15, 2:30*, 2:45, 3:00*, 3:15, 3:30*, 3:45, 3:53, 4:00*, 4:05, 4:10, 4:15, 4:20, 4:25, 4:30, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:50, 4:55, 5:00*, 5:05, 5:10, 5:15, 5:20, 5:28, 5:35, 5:43, 5:50, 5:55, 6:00*, 6:05, 6:10, 6:15, 6:20, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00*, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00*, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00*, 10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:15, 11:25*, 11:45, 12:15, 12:50.

*Mt. Vernon trains.

Leave Alexandria for Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 5:00, 5:40, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:40, 6:45, 6:55, 7:00, 7:10, 7:17, 7:25, 7:35, 7:40, 7:42, 7:45, 7:50, 7:55, 8:00, 8:05, 8:10, 8:15, 8:20, 8:30, 8:45, 8:55, 9:10, 9:25, 9:40, 9:55, 10:10, 10:25, 10:40, 10:55, 11:10, 11:25, 11:50, 11:55. P. M., 12:10, 12:25, 12:40, 12:55, 1:10, 1:25, 1:40, 1:55, 2:10, 2:25, 2:40, 2:55, 3:10, 3:25, 3:40, 3:55, 4:10, 4:15, 4:23, 4:25, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:52, 4:55, 5:00, 5:05, 5:15, 5:20, 5:25, 5:30, 5:35, 5:40, 5:45, 5:55, 6:10, 6:25, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00, 10:20, 10:40, 10:55, 11:15, 11:40, 12:15.

Leave Mt. Vernon for Alexandria, Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:15, 7:15, 8:30, 9:12, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 noon; P. M. 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:20x

Leave Alexandria for Mt. Vernon, daily except Sundays and holidays: A. M., 5:35, 6:45, 7:45, 8:40, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30. P. M. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:36, 8:36, 9:36, 10:36, 11:55x. 10:36, 11:55.

xTrain runs to Four Mile Run only.

Pocket schedule may be obtained at all ticket offices.—Washington-Virginia Railway Co.

282-bc

ON THE 5:15

LET ME HAVE YOU. BOXING GLOVES A MINUTE - I WANT TO MAKE SOME FUN WITH MYRTLE
HEY WIFE, I'M GOING TO TEACH YOU HOW TO FIGHT
YOU THOUGHT I WAS GOING TO HIT YOU WITH MY LEFT AND I SOAKED YOU WITH MY RIGHT
QUIT, JOHN. THAT HURTS
SEE, YOU'D BE AS HELPLESS AS A CAT IF SOMEONE ATTACKED YOU-HA-HA.
NOW STOP!
YOU CAN'T PROTECT YOURSELF- WHY A CHILD COULD LICK YOU-HA-HA
SAY LISTEN- WILL YOU CUT IT OUT?!
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2-27

A TAYLOR PICTURE

One of William Desmond Taylor's Last Pictures Arrive in This City

"The Witching Hour" one of the last pictures directed by the late William Desmond Taylor will be shown at the Idle Hour Theatre tomorrow. Taylor was the producer of such well known and wonderful photoplays as "Huckleberry Finn," "Soul of Youth" and "The Furnace."

Taylor's fitness for his chosen profession, that of a picture maker, was proven when the cast chosen for this picture is considered. Among the ppoular and talented actors and actresses appearing in this picture are; Elliott Dexter, Mary Alden, Fred Turner, Edward Sutherland, Ruth Renick, Robert Cain, Charles West, L. M. Wells, Winter Hall and Clarence Geldart all, more or less, well known to the movie going people of the city, and whose characteristics enable them to fill the positions assigned to them, exactly

Newport News—Experiments in locomotive repairing and the construction of sugar-cane harvesting machinery are being pushed forward in the plant of the Newport Shipbuilding and Drydock Company. Announcement to this effect was made by Homer L. Ferguson, president and general manager, who says that these experiments are in addition to those in car building and car repairing, which were undertaken several weeks ago.

FOR SALE

WOOD—Stove length, $12.00 per cord. Call 776 or 268.

6-tf. ROBERT ARNOLD

Dr. R. F. CLARK

Osteopathic Physician

Apt 1, 'The Henly' Hrs. 6 to 9 p. m. by Appointment

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14-26p.

NOTICE

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any person other than myself.

41-3p. Sherman L. Barbour.

FORD

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Fannon's Coal is Popular

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CHERRY DAY WEDNESDAY

Funds to be Used For Benefit of Alexandria Playgrounds

All Persons Urged to Puchase Artificial Cherries Which Will be Sold On Streets

Six years ago the Playground Association decided to observe Washington's Birthday as Cherry Day and on every succeeding year cherries have been sold on the street and at Mt. Vernon, for the benefit of the Playground.

Last spring the Queen Street Playground was graciously given by the Friends Association and the Kiwanis Club generously donated funds which enabled the Playground Association to retain a teacher during the months of last summer and on through the fall, and the Friends team of basketball has been playing throughout the winter at Armory Hall.

Now there is on hand sufficient money to again engage Miss Howard for the late spring and summer, but there is still some money due on the house built on the grounds, and both grounds and walls need to be put in order, and more equipment for the spring is desired.

In accordance with their customary courtesy, Messrs. Graham and Ogden have given the Association the use of their office on King street as temporary headquarters for the distribution of the cherries. The association hopes that a very large number will be purchased from the young matrons and girls, who will undertake the sale of the cherries on Washington's Birthday.

Danville—Emmanuel White, a negro, was fined $50 for pulling a fire alarm from that box which is most distant from the city fire stations. The alarm was on Farrar Street and it was pulled at the height of a sleet storm on Wednesday night.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of my dear mother, SARAH JANE LANGLEY, who departed this life four years ago today, February 20, 1918.

Gone, but not forgotten,
43-1p. By her loving Son, Herbert.

LANDSCAPE GARDENING
—Designs, Pruning, Spraying Etc. Fruit Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs etc., Furnished and Planted.
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24-26c.

BASEBALL IN THE AIR

Baseball germs are in the air every where. The American League and National L eague baseball teams are now busy making preparations for their annual journeys to training camps in Dixie's Land to put their athletes in first-class physical condition and also receive an abundance of all-around baseball practice to have them in fine trim for the opening games, Wednesday, April 12, 1922.

President Clark C. Griffith of the Washington Baseball Club, will leave for Tampa, Florida, Saturday, February 25, and will arrive in Tampa about supper time, Sunday evening. The following named players will accompany him: Pitchers Brillheart, Gleason, Phillips, Woodward, and Diggers; outfielder Goslin, Catcher Noone, and Uncle Nick Altrock. Pitcher Harry Courtney and second baseman Stanley Harris are now in Florida. Manager Clyde Milan, Walter Johnson, Turk, Erickson, Zachary, Mogridge, Joe Judge, La Motte, Blueage, Shanks, Peckinpaugh, Bush, Gharrity, Rice, Picinich, Brown, Smith and Goebel will arrive in time to begin work on March 13. Trainer Mike Martin has been in Tampa since early of the present month overseeing the improvements being made to Plant Field to make it first-class in every way for playing big league baseball games.

Great improvements are now being made to the Washington Baseball Park by double-decking the left field grandstand and extending the right-field pavilion to the extreme southern wall. The cost for the improvements will be about ninety-five thousand dollars. The work will be finished before the opening game.

Not only are the big league teams making ready for the 1922 baseball season, but the Cardinal Athletic Club baseball players are eager for the "Merry sunshine that makes one's heart gay" to enable them to start practice. The Cardinals will hold an important business meeting at the home of President Sylvester A. Breen, 1322 King street, Tuesday, February 21, at 8 p. m., during which plans will be discussed for the best interests of the club.

Two merchants met in the street.

"What's this I hear?" said the one. "You had a big fire at your place?"

"Oh, no" said the other. "It isn't going to happen until next week. But how about you? You're insured too, aren't you?"

"Yes, I carry both fire and hail insurance."

"I can understand being insured against fire, but I didn't know anybody could make it hail."—Le Rire.

To Honor Washington

Geo. Washington Birthday Association to Place Wreath on Tomb Wednesday

Members of the George Washington Birthday Association, following an established custom, will place a memorial wreath on Washington's tomb Wednesday. The members of this association will assemble at 10:15 o'clock in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce and march in a body to the special car Mount Vernon at King and Royal streets and entrain at 10:30 o'clock.

ALEXANDRIA COUNCIL

Alexandria Council, Order Fraternal Americans, held a well attended and interesting meeting on last Friday evening. Several applications for membership were received. At the next meeting of the council the degrees of the order will be conferred upon a class. The committee on order's activities made an encouraging report as to the play which will be produced on March 16. It is a drama in two acts and entitled "Among the Breakers." The proceeds from the play will go exclusively for the benefit of the Virginia Cottage Building Fund for the orphanage. The play will be put on by the Garden City Players of Washington, D. C., and there will be other entertaining features in connection with the play. The members of the order are now busily engaged in perfecting the details.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES

The dressmaking class of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet as usual at the Chamber of Commerce this Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m.

The girls' cooking class of the Ladies' Auxiliary will not meet the Wednesday afternoon, as the Girl Scouts have planned a Washington Birthday hike for that day. All members of the cooking class are urged to be present next week, on Wednesday at 3:30.

The first lecture of the course in citizenship and Virginia government will be given tonight at the Chamber of Commerce. All those who are enrolled for this course should not fail to be present at this time. Munro's History of the United States is the reference book suggested by Miss Pigeon, the instructor. The subject of tonight's lecture will be "How Ou

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Open 9:15 a. m. Close 6:00 p. m.

Women's Thread SILK HOSE Pair, $2.19

Full fashioned, high spliced heels; heavy ingrain; black with emerald and rose stripe at hem.

Women's Mercerized Hose, regular made; high spliced heels, "elastic hems"; made with "garter protex." Black and brown. Pair **69c**

Women's Cotton Hose, seamless feet, mock seam in leg. Black, brown and white. Pair **25c**

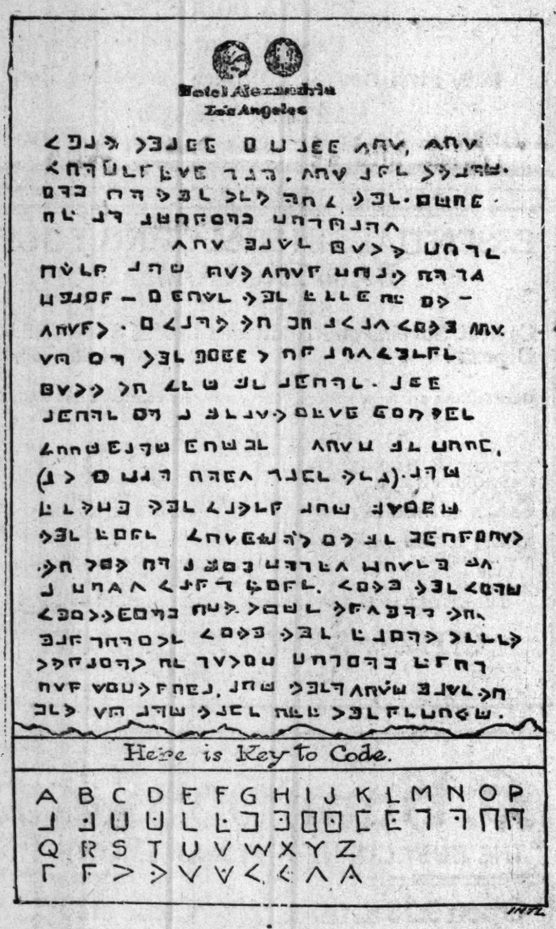
Children's Cotton Ribbed Hose, "seconds" feet reinforced. Pair **10c**

Kann's— Street Floor.

Statue of Washington to be Unveiled in Trafalgar Square London

England will pay tribute to the "Father of our Country" in the unveiling of the statute of George Washington, to take place in Trafalgar Square, London, June 30. It is a gift of the people of the State of Virginia. The statue is by an American sculptor.

Unsigned Love Letter in Cipher Found in Slain Director's effects



Here is a fac-smile of an unsigned love letter, in cipher, found in the effects of William D. Taylor, slain motion-picture director. The key to the code is shown below the letter, which indicates the writer's deep love for Taylor. The letter reads:

"What shall I call you, you wonderful man? You are standing on the lot, the idol of an adoring company! You have just come over and put your coat on my chair, I want to go away with you, up in the hills, or anywhere, just so we'd be alone—all alone—in a beautiful little woodland lodge. You'd be the cook (as I can only make tea) and fetch the water and build the fire.

"Wouldn't it be glorious to sit in a big, comfy couch by a cozy warm fire, with the wind whistling outside, trying to harmonize with the faint, sweet strains of music coming from the Victrola? And then you'd have to get up and take off the record. Of course. I don't mean that, dear. Did you really suppose I intended you to take care of me like a baby?

"On, no! For this is my part: I'd sweep and dust (they make the sweetest little dustcaps, you know) and tie fresh ribbons on the snowy white curtains and feed the birds and fix the flowers, and—oh, yes, set the table and help you wash the dishes, and then in my spare time I'd darn your socks.

"I'd go to my room and put on something soft and flowing; then I'd lie on the couch and wait for you. I might fall asleep, for a fire makes me drowsy—Then I'd wake to find two strong arms around me and two dear,sweet lips pressed on mine in a long, sweet kiss.."

Royal Heads of Europe Will Attend Royal Wedding.

Queen Maude of Norway
Queen Victoria of Spain
Queen Mary of Rumania
Queen Elena of Italy
Queen Alexandrine of Denmark
Queen Elisabeth of Belgium
Queen Victoria of Sweden

Among the nobility of Europe who are making preparations to leave their courts for the wedding of Princess Mary and Viscount Lascelles in London on February 28 are the rulers, or wives of rulers, of various European countries. Rumania, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Belgium, Spain and Italy will be represented by the Queens of their respective countries. There is no gainsaying that the scene of February 28 will be a sight for a Queen.

Lost $2,000,000 by Elopement, Now Seeks Divorce

Mrs. Preston Gibson, third wife of the New York society man and playwright, who lost an inheritance of $2,000,000 left her by her grandfather, the late Henry H. Rogers, by eloping in 1919, has started suit, in Paris, preparatory to demanding a divorce. She was married to Mr. Gibson in 1919 following her divorce from Alexander D. B. Pratt. She had violent quarrels with her father following her marriage, but finally they became reconciled.

Mystery Woman in Daring Costume Thrills Miami

The "Mysterious Miss Rae," as she is called, is a handsome young woman, who is attracting much attention at Miami Beach, Florida, with her daring costumes, although many at the resort confess that they have already passed the stage of being shocked at beach attractions. This "woman of mystery" is a guest of one of the fashionable hotels and is reputed to be a millionaire oil princess, but nothing further has been learned.

Will Preach to Youth Through Youth

New York has a woman minister, the Rev. Helene Ulrich, a young B. A., of Mount Holyoke College and B. D. of St. Lawrence University, whose ordination in March will take place at the Church of the Divine Paternity, in New York, to which she has already been called as assistant to the pastor, Rev. Dr. Joseph Fort Newton. She previously has preached in Potsdam, N. Y., and Ogden, N. Y.

Fights Jack Britton for Welterweight Title

Dave Shade, of California, who fought a draw Friday night with Jack Britton for the welterweight championship, after a siege of hard training for the bout. Both men were in perfect shape, and weighed in at the required weight, 147 pounds. The match was at Madison Square Garden, New York.

Mabel Normand's Letters to Slain Movie Director Returned

Mabel Normand, film actress, sent a telegram to her father, Claude D. Normand, of St. George, Staten Island, N. Y., saying that the Los Angeles authorities had absolved her of any responsibility in the Taylor case. She is shown here fondling a kitten, which Mrs. Cat watches critically.

Miss Minter Warmly Defends Character of Slain Director

Mary Miles Minter, film actress, at Hollywood, Cal., openly declared that she loved William Desmond Taylor, the slain film director. She has been confined to her bed since his death. In strongly defending the character of the dead man, she said:

"It would be nothing less than veritable ingratitude if I did not, now that Mr. Taylor is dead, raise my voice to proclaim what he was to repudiate those who would besmirch his character."

Chicago's Boy "Ponzi" and Some of His Victims

Ponzi's Boston operations for "get rich quick" pale beside those of Raymond J. Bischoff, of Chicago, who is charged with victimizing 3,500 persons out of $7,000,000. He was not perturbed by the situation. Shortly after his arrest his office was besieged by investors. The photo shows police keeping back the mob at the door. In the insert is Bischoff, aged twenty-five.